



Peace with
Legality belongs
to everyone

Presidential Council for
Stabilization and Consolidation



Peace with Legality

Short Management Report

August 2018 - September 2021
37 months

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Table of Contents

1.	Policy "Peace with Legality"	3
2.	Progress in the Victims' public policy	3
2.1	Victims at national level.....	3
2.2	Progress in Land Restitution Ethnic Route - Decree Laws 4633 and 4635 of 2011	4
2.3	Progress in Land Restitution Ethnic Route - Decree Laws 4633 and 4635 of 2011	5
3.	Reincorporation.....	6
3.1	Economic Sustainability	7
3.2	Habitability and Housing.....	9
3.3	Family.....	10
3.4	Health and Pension	10
3.5	Job Training	11
3.6	Academic Education.....	11
3.7	Higher Education.....	11
3.8	Comprehensive Psychosocial Accompaniment.....	11
3.9	Community Reincorporation	12
3.10	Minors certified under the Differential Path of Life Agreement	12
3.11	Security of reincorporated persons.....	12
4.	Planning Development Plans with Territorial Approach (PDET)	12
4.1	PDET and Roadmap	13
4.2	PDET Works	13
4.3	Investment.....	14
5.	Voluntary Substitution of Illegal Crops	17
5.1	Program progress.....	17
5.2	Security of leaders who support the Integrated Program for Illegal Crops Substitution - IPICS	17
6.	Comprehensive Rural Development	19
6.1	Productive Factors	19
6.2	Infrastructure	22
6.3	Social Development	22
6.4	Environment.....	23
7.	Transversals	24
7.1	Gender	24
7.2	Ethnic approach	25
7.3	Humanitarian demining	26



1. Policy "Peace with Legality"

Presented to the country in December 2018 to make public the government's commitment during these four years.

2. Progress in the Victims' public policy

The Single Registry of Victims has recognized 9,165,126 people who have been individually affected by some victimizing event. Of this number of victims, approximately 2,941,123 of them are located in the 170 PDET municipalities prioritized for intervention, which means that almost one third of all registered victims in Colombia reside in these targeted municipalities.

2.1 Victims at national level

Out of a total universe of 795 subjects of collective reparation included in the Single Registry of Victims, 409 subjects are located in the PDET municipalities. That is, 52% of the subjects of the Collective Reparation Program are in the 170 prioritized municipalities. With regard to return and relocation plans, 86 plans have been approved in PDET municipalities.

- **Prevention and attention to emergencies.** With in-kind Humanitarian Aid, 64,033 households have been supported with an investment of \$15,818 million (USD 4.16 M)
- With **immediate Humanitarian Aid**, 67,264 households have been supported with an investment of \$58,449 million (USD 15.38 M))
- **Attention and humanitarian assistance.** At national level, 2,347,440 humanitarian assistance have been provided to households that are victims of forced displacement included in the Single Registry of Victims (RUV), with an investment of close to 1.48 billion (USD 389.5 M), with which approximately 1,158,600 households of victims have been assisted.
- **Individual reparations.** 328,109 individual compensations (administrative and judicial) have been granted with an investment of \$2.79 billion pesos (USD 735 M) and 194,915 individual victims were beneficiaries of the Accompaniment Program in the investment of administrative compensation through different strategies with a differential approach.
- 92,093 victims accessed the **psychosocial rehabilitation** measure offered by the Victims Unit, with an investment of over \$13,706 million pesos (USD 3.6 M)
- 418,062 victims had access to **satisfaction measures** (letter of dignity, accompaniment to dignified handover of bodies of persons who had been disappeared, among other actions).
- **Collective reparation.** 27 subjects of collective reparation completed their comprehensive collective reparation process with respect to the measures under the Unit's responsibility, with an investment of close to \$21.080 million (USD 5.5 M)
- 441 collective subjects accessed the community **rehabilitation measure**, 211 of which are ethnic, and 86 of these subjects completed the measure, with an investment of close to \$13.559 million pesos (USD 3.5 M)
- 1.196 **reparation actions** were implemented in compliance with the Comprehensive Collective Reparation Plans (PIRC), with an investment of close to 117,017 million (USD 30.8 M), 505 of these reparation actions were carried out in 73 Subjects of Collective Reparation located in PDET municipalities



- 39 **ethnic collectives subjects** were compensated within the framework of the collective reparation process, with an investment of close to \$115,910 million (USD 30.5 M)
- 131 **subjects of collective reparation** were strengthened by means of endowments, delivery of goods for collective use through support for productive projects and social and community infrastructure projects, with an investment of close to \$48,801 million (USD 12.84 M).
- 04 subjects of collective reparation (SRC) already have more than 50% of their plan implemented.
- **Returns and relocations:** 394 returns or relocation plans approved, with an investment of approximately \$4,395 million (USD 1.15M). Of these, 265 plans are in 86 PDET municipalities, with an investment of approximately \$2,782 million (USD 732,152).
- 7.741 households accessed the component for the transportation and transfer of household goods in their return or relocation process with an investment of close to \$9,978 million (USD 2.62 M).
- 8.527 households received special family accompaniment schemes, each for an average value of \$5.12 million (USD 1,364), in 140 municipalities in 32 departments, for a total investment of \$44,207 million (USD 11.6 M).
- 749 communities received special community accompaniment schemes for a value of close to \$28,127 million (USD 7.4M).
- **Victims abroad:** 1546 victims from abroad accompanied in their return or relocation process, of which 879 have been women

2.2 Progress in Land Restitution Ethnic Route - Decree Laws 4633 and 4635 of 2011

2.2.1 Administrative stage.

- The Registry of Land Stripped and Forcefully Abandoned (RTDAF) has received a total of 132,985 applications for registration, of which 123,441 correspond to applications received during President Duque's Government.
- 115,452 are qualified applications and 94,547 cases have been finalized, of which 33,285 applications have been resolved in this government.
- In the 170 PDET municipalities, the RTDAF has received a total of 67,075 applications for registration, of which 6,076 correspond to applications received during President Duque's Government. 54,809 are qualified applications, of which 42,541 cases have been finalized, of which 16,849 applications have been resolved in this government.

2.2.2 Judicial stage.

- Historically, 15,735 claims have been filed before the Judges and/or Magistrates of the Chambers Specialized in Land Restitution, corresponding to 28,052 requests for registration.
- 8,336 lawsuits have been filed in the President Duque's Government, which correspond to 12,016 requests for registration.
- Of these lawsuits, 4,303 fall in 120 of the 170 PDET municipalities, which correspond to 5,740 requests for registration.

2.2.3 Post-Failure stage (figures on individual route victims, historical and current government).

- Historically, 6,582 land restitution rulings have been issued in 358 municipalities, whereby 12,313 applications were resolved, benefiting 33,162 people.



- In the President Iván Duque's government and in 333 municipalities, 2,146 land restitution rulings have been issued, resolving 3,542 requests that protected a total of 9,592 people
- In 87 PDET municipalities, 2,779 land restitution rulings have been handed down, resolving 4,868 requests for the protection of a total of 14,915 people.
- Historically, 5,471 restituted families were assisted with productive projects in 23 departments. The main productive lines of these projects are: livestock, coffee, cocoa, pepper, fruit and pig farming.
- In the government of President Iván Duque, 2,004 restituted families have productive projects in 217 municipalities, 62% of which correspond to male representatives and 38% to female representatives.
- 2,645 restituted families were assisted with productive projects in 60 PDET municipalities, of which 65% corresponds to male representatives and 35% to female representatives. Of the above number, 23 projects are in the design phase, 920 are in the implementation phase and 1,702 productive projects have been completed. The main productive lines of these projects are: dual-purpose livestock, coffee and swine farming
- A total of 943 compensation orders for victims located in 170 municipalities were fulfilled.
- In the government of President Iván Duque, a total of 645 compensation orders for victims located in 153 municipalities were fulfilled.
- A total of 372 compensation orders for victims located in 51 PDET municipalities were fulfilled
- A total of 257 compensation orders were fulfilled to third parties in good faith exempt from guilt in 64 municipalities.
- In the government of President Iván Duque, a total of 179 compensation orders to third parties in good faith exempt from fault were complied with in 48 municipalities
- A total of 122 compensation orders to third parties in good faith exempt from fault were complied with in 20 PDET municipalities.
- 256 orders recognizing Second Occupants were served in 79 municipalities.
- In the Government of President Iván Duque, 163 orders recognizing second occupants were served in 64 municipalities. The measures completed are broken down as follows: 72 second occupants were left on the land, 31 were given land equivalent to one Family Agricultural Unit (UAF), 9 were purchased, 36 were paid in cash, 13 were provided with productive projects and two were provided by the National Land Agency (ANT) under the SIRA subsidy.
- 107 orders recognizing Second Occupants were served in 26 PDET municipalities.
- In terms of land restitution, compensation or legal and material restitution has been ordered for more than 152,800 hectares (52,789 hectares of individual route and 100,011 hectares of ethnic route)

2.3 Progress in Land Restitution Ethnic Route - Decree Laws 4633 and 4635 of 2011

2.3.1 Preventive protection and restitution of territorial rights of ethnic communities.

- The restitution of ethnic territorial rights currently involves the management of 657 territories of ethnic communities, of which 75% (495 territories) correspond to territories in indigenous communities and/or peoples and 25% (162 territories) to Black, Afro-Colombian, Raizal and Palenquero communities.



- Of the 657 ethnic territories, 432 are located in the 170 PDET municipalities, which corresponds to approximately 66% of all the management of restitution of territorial rights in favor of ethnic communities in Colombia.
- Administrative and procedural steps were taken in 569 of these territories during President Duque's Government.
- 205,297 ethnic families are undergoing land restitution and/or preventive protection processes on their collective territories, of which 113,989 are located in PDET municipalities. Likewise, efforts have been made in favor of 141,366 ethnic families during President Duque's Government.
- 4,017,455 hectares have been registered by the Land Restitution Unit in the Registry of Land Stripped and Forcefully Abandoned (with administrative processing completed). Fifty-seven percent of these hectares belong to the territories of indigenous communities and/or peoples and 43% belong to Black communities. 2,839,160 hectares registered in the registry are located within the 170 PDET municipalities. 2,896,337 hectares have been registered so far during the term of President Duque's Government.

2.3.2 Administrative stage of the restitution of ethnic territorial rights process

- 369 territories are in the preliminary studies phase and another 109 are in the characterization report preparation phase and the administrative process on 101 territories has been completed.
- 478 territories are in the administrative stage and administrative steps were taken in 450 of these cases during President Duque's Government.

2.3.3 Judicial stage of the process of restitution of ethnic land rights

- 149 ethnic restitution lawsuits have been filed before the Civil Judges Specialized in Land Restitution, which seek to protect the rights of 58,505 ethnic families over a total of 3,560,906 hectares. 106 of these claims correspond to territories located in the municipalities prioritized in the 170 PDET municipalities; 116 of these lawsuits were filed during President Duque's Government.

2.3.4 Post-Failure stage of the process of restitution of ethnic territorial rights.

- 21 rulings on restitution of ethnic territorial rights have been handed down by the Civil Judges Specialized in Land Restitution, which have ordered the protection of 310,067 hectares for the benefit of 114,696 families belonging to ethnic communities.
- Of the 21 rulings on the restitution of ethnic territorial rights, 8 were issued during President Duque's Government.

3. Reincorporation

As of September 2021, in the ARN's Information System for Reintegration and Reincorporation - SIRR, 14,020¹ people have been reported by the Office of the High Commissioner for Peace (OACP) as accredited or disengaged. Of these persons:

- 12,920 are in the process of reincorporation:
- 2,457 people located in the former Territorial Areas for Training and Reincorporation – ETCR-,
- 9,638 people outside of the former ETCRs and

¹ The information may differ from the OACP report due to the administrative process of communication of the resolutions by the OACP and their registration in the ARN's information system.



- 825 who are undergoing an active search process².

Additionally, in order to understand the situation and expectations of our target population, the National Reincorporation Registry (RNR) was created, which has been applied to 12.408³ people (9.339 men, 3.069 women), of whom 2.429⁴ are currently registered in one of the former ETCR (1,658 men, 771 women) and 9.979⁵ outside these spaces (7,681 men, 2,298 women).

- Regarding the preference of the Reincorporated Persons for a source of income generation: (51.5%) are interested in having an individual productive project, (33.5%) want a collective productive project, (21.9%) would like to have a family productive project and finally (4.7%) would be interested in employment.
- El 60,5% of the people being reincorporated are interested in having their source of income related to activities in the agricultural and livestock sector.
- 55.5% of the people said that they would like to receive some type of psychosocial support.
- 85.9% expressed an interest in starting or continuing their studies.
- 77.3% said they felt optimistic and motivated about the future..

3.1 Economic Sustainability

3.1.1 Productive Projects

- As of September 30, 2021, a total of 3,289 productive projects have been approved, including **collective and individual projects⁶ involving 7,327 people** in the reincorporation process (5,480 men and 1,847 women); for a value of \$71,775 million (USD 18.88M) of which \$58,602 million (USD 15.42M) correspond to contributions from the National Government
- **99 collective projects approved** by the CNR, involving 3,478 people in the reincorporation process (2,512 men and 966 women) for a value of \$40,9997 million (USD 10.77 million), of which \$27,824 million (USD 7.32 million) correspond to contributions from the National Government, \$11,632 million (USD 3.06 million) correspond to financial closure by the MPTF and \$1,541 million (USD 405,481) correspond to financial closure from other sources.
- **3.190 individual projects approved**, for a value of \$30,778 million (USD 8.09M), benefiting 3,849 people in the process of reincorporation (2,986 men and 881 women).
- Additionally, as of September 30, 1,621 people in the process of reincorporation are linked to **productive projects that are in the process of approval⁷**.

² Coordinated work with the territory to make the initial contact and linkage in the reincorporation process of people who have been accredited by the OACP

³ Includes all persons with RNR applied, regardless of their current status in the process.

⁴ Includes 2,379 persons who are still in the process, 27 deceased, 1 under investigation for deprivation of liberty, 1 definitive limitation, 21 temporary limitations.

⁵ Includes 9,705 persons still in process, 140 deceased, 15 under investigation for deprivation of liberty, 9 with definitive limitations, 110 temporary limitations.

⁶ Within the TATRs 80 projects are developed benefiting 419 people, while outside the TATRs 3,121 projects benefiting 6,930 people.

⁷ These figures may vary on a monthly basis due to the fact that some projects successfully pass the approval process, while others require reformulation.



- **iNNpulsa:** In order to strengthen productive projects, two agreements have been signed between ARN and iNNNpulsa Colombia:
- For a First Phase, on June 28, 2019, Agreement No. 142 was signed for an amount of \$3,576 million (USD 941.123)⁸, in which the formulation of 509 individual productive projects was achieved (498 have been filed to the ARN's Territorial Sub-Directorate, benefiting 498 people in reincorporation), as well as the evaluation of 40 collective productive projects by iNNNpulsa.
- On November 18, 2020, a Second Phase was signed through Agreement 074/613 for an amount of \$2,260 million (USD 594,736), which contemplates the evaluation of 30 collective productive projects, and the implementation of a strengthening and commercialization route for 130 productive projects (between individual and collective), which began to be executed in 2021 and will end in 2022. As of **September 2021**, the ARN strengthened the commercialization process for **134** productive projects, benefiting **205** people in reincorporation, and submitted **17** collective productive projects for evaluation, **12** of which have already been evaluated by iNNpulsa, **benefiting 214 people**.
- The ARN has a record of approximately 453 **productive initiatives** that are being developed in the territory⁹, and may be the starting point for a productive project, of which 185 initiatives are supported by international¹⁰ cooperation for the growth of their businesses, either through technical support or economic support¹¹.

3.1.2 International Cooperation Projects

- Currently 68 International Cooperation Projects are registered, implemented in 24 former ETCR, through which the reincorporation process is supported, of which **29** are in execution and **39** are completed.
- Main sources of funding:
- European Union through its Trust Fund for Peace in Colombia, which finances 20 projects worth EUR 65.74 million.
- European Union through the Budgetary Support for the implementation of the National Policy for Social and Economic Reincorporation, for a value of EUR 12.5 million.
- United Nations Multi-Donor Fund - MPTF, which finances 14 projects for a value of 41.83 million USD.
- United Nations Verification Mission, which finances 3 projects for a value of US\$981,395.
- United Nations Peacebuilding Fund, which finances 1 project worth US\$2.95 million.
- Other funders, supporting 30 projects worth US\$29.2 million

3.1.3 Labor Inclusion

⁸ 200,000,000 corresponds to the iNNNpulsa Counterpart.

⁹ 275 initiatives within TATRs and 179 outside TATRs.

¹⁰ Entities such as UNDP, UN, UNODC, UNVMC, Swedish Government, among others, provide support to several initiatives, through training, technical strengthening, delivery of inputs or equipment, or even financial support for the business.

¹¹ The same initiative mentioned here can have more than one leverage from cooperation or from the public or private sector.



- A total of 2,843 people are linked to an economic activity or labor inclusion routes, of which 1,884 people also have a productive project and 959 people are currently in labor inclusion as their main economic activity.

3.1.4 Economic Guarantees

- During the period from August 2018 to September 2021, \$342,224 million (USD 90.05 M) have been disbursed in economic¹² guarantees, distributed as follows:
- Single Normalization Allowance: \$1,558 million (USD 412,689) reaching a total of 13,221 beneficiaries (3,097 women and 10,124 men).
- Basic Income: \$111,792 million (USD 29.41 M), benefiting 12,381 people (2,996 women and 9,385 men)¹³
- Monthly allowance: \$228.864 million (USD 60.22 M); benefiting 12,118 people (2,990 women and 9,128 men)¹⁴.

3.2 Habitability and Housing

3.2.1 Territorial Areas for Training and Reincorporation

- The transitory legal figure of the Territorial Spaces for Training and Reincorporation (ETCR) ended on August 15, 2019. In this regard, the National Government decided to move towards a permanent figure in the framework of territorial planning to leverage reincorporation, through its administration, supply, health schemes and transformation strategy.
- **Administration:** as of August 1, 2018, the ARN assumed the administration of 24 ETCRs and has allocated resources amounting to \$70,067 million (USD 18.44 M) that allow for personnel expenses, leases, maintenance and supplies necessary for the proper functioning of these places until March 31, 2022; the administration of the land required by the security forces to provide security in these places; as well as those needs arising from the relocation and transformation processes of the TATRs.
- **Supply:** The transitory service for the supply of dry and fresh food to the 24 former ETCRs and 25 of their surrounding areas has been extended for a total amount of \$69,895.51 million, guaranteeing the supply of food for 6,383 people until December 31, 2021:
- In force 2019, \$13,902 million (USD 3.66 M) guaranteeing the supply of groceries from October 29, 2019 to March 31, 2020.
- During 2020, \$30,447 million (USD 8.01 million) covering the delivery of food supplies through April 30, 2021.
- During the 2021 fiscal year, \$25,546 million (USD 6.72 million) guaranteeing the continuity of food deliveries until December 31, 2021.

¹² The total amount of economic guarantees disbursed since the beginning of the reincorporation process amounts to \$ 459,105.46 million (USD 120.81 M), distributed in Single Normalization Allowance for \$25,925.91 million (USD 6.82 M); Basic Income for \$204,315.55 million (USD 53.76 M) and Monthly Allowance for \$228,864 million (USD 60.22 M).

¹³ The amounts and beneficiaries indicated for Basic Income are presented calculated as of August 2018, the start date of the period reported in this report.

¹⁴ The amounts and beneficiaries noted for the Basic Monthly Allowance are presented calculated as of 2019, when it was launched. The first disbursement of this allowance coincides with the 24 completed months of the first Basic Annuities



- Transformation Strategy:
- The government has allocated \$16,000 million for the purchase and habilitation of land for the development of productive projects and/or housing in order to move towards consolidation.
- Progress has been made in the identification of 6 former ETCR for consolidation on the same land¹⁵, 12 with relocation agreed with the communities in the process of reincorporation¹⁶ and 6 in the process of analysis and definition¹⁷.
- Purchase of 11 properties for the consolidation of the former ETCR Colinas (San José del Guaviare, Guaviare), La Fila (Icononzo, Tolima), Llano Grande (Dabeiba, Antioquia), El Estrecho (Patía, Cauca), Mutatá (Mutatá, Antioquia) (2 lots), Charras (San José del Guaviare, Guaviare), La Variante (San Andrés de Tumaco, Nariño) (2 lots), Yará (La Macarena, Meta) and Pondores (Fonseca, La Guajira). This enabled a total of 574.72 hectares and benefited 1,030 people in the reincorporation process.

3.2.2 Housing

- The ARN carries out coordinated actions with the government entities governing or implementing the social housing policy, aimed at obtaining resources or quotas for the different programs or projects that allow materializing the attention of persons in the reincorporation process.
- The Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development conditionally awarded 501 rural family housing subsidies (SFVISR) to the same number of persons undergoing reincorporation. In June, the replacement notices were sent to the 128 persons in the reincorporation process who were conditionally awarded with subsidies for rural social and priority housing
- The Ministry of Housing, City and Territory (MVCT) currently has resources available and/or in the process of management amounting to \$71,534 million
- As of August 2021, 1,263 persons in reincorporation have approached the ARN Territorial Groups to express their interest in requesting the economic support resources contemplated in Decree 899 of 2017; likewise, 1. 641 people in reincorporation have effectively participated in socialization days; to date, 10 applications have been disbursed, 5 in the modality of mortgage credit payment, 2 in the modality of housing sanitation, 2 in construction of housing on their own site and 1 in the modality of acquisition of used housing. Finally, two applications are being processed for disbursement, one to the Payment Office in the Financial Subdirectorate and the other is being reviewed by the technical area.

3.3 Family

- 1,334 children in the TATRs with food assistance.

3.4 Health and Pension

¹⁵ Colinas, El Estrecho, Filipinas, Llano Grande, La Fila, and Los Monos.

¹⁶ La Variante, Caño Indio, El Ceral, Yará, La Pradera, Pondores, La Plancha, Monterredondo, Charras, Mutatá, Caracolí and Miravalle.

¹⁷ San José de Oriente, Agua Bonita, Carrizal, La Guajira, La Reforma and El Oso.



- 99.2% of the reincorporated¹⁸ population has ever been affiliated to health insurance (13,902 persons distributed among 10,596 men, 3,306 women)¹⁹.
- 85.2% of the reincorporated²⁰ population (12,001 people) are affiliated to some pension²¹ system. The gender breakdown is 2,860 women, 9,141 men.

3.5 Job Training

- As of August 31, 2021²², 25,282 quotas for training programs were offered through partnerships with SENA and Education Institutions for Labor and Human Development. A total of 14,473²³ people (4,007 women, 10,459 men and 7 people whose sex is unknown) were nominally enrolled in 5,826 courses, programs and events²⁴.

3.6 Academic Education

- Between 2019 and 2021, 7,251 people²⁵ have been linked to Academic Training: 1,351 are related to primary level, 5,681 in high school and 219 in higher education. The linkage of people to academic training is achieved through the implementation of different strategies and educational models²⁶.

3.7 Higher Education

- As of August 31, 2021, the SIRR reports that, of 185 people linked to higher education offerings with attendance (93 women, 92 men), 15 are recognized as belonging to an ethnic group (9 women, 6 men): 8 as indigenous (5 women, 3 men), 5 as black, mulatto, Afro-Colombian or Afro-descendant (2 women, 3 men) and 2 women do not specify their ethnic group

3.8 Comprehensive Psychosocial Accompaniment

¹⁸ Includes all states.

¹⁹ 2,580 health care enrollees whose last recorded location was in TATRs, and 11,322 outside TATRs.

²⁰ Includes all states.

²¹ 2,265 pension enrollees whose last location record was in TATRs, and 9,685 outside TATRs.

²² Job training information is 1 month behind

²³ The figures for both people and courses present an aggregate year after year without differentiating the people who have been involved in more than one period, since the Annual Institutional Plan does not take this into account. However, the figure in real terms is: 8,101 people, of whom 6,372 have repeated actions in at least one of the reporting periods. Of the people involved, 2,204 are women, 5,896 are men and 1 person does not record gender information. This means that 62% of the accredited reincorporation population has been served in the Training for Work benefit, based on the denominator of August 2021

²⁴ In 2018, 789 courses were held which linked 2,577 people: 601 women and 1,976 men. In 2019, 2737 courses were held which linked 5,434 people: 1,441 women, 3990 men and 3 people without gender information. In 2020, 2,186 courses were held, linking 4,220 people: 1,286 women, 2,934 men. For the year 2021 as of July 30, 2021, 380 courses have been held, linking 1,828 people: 578 women and 1,250 men. A total of 8,027 people have been linked, of which 6,062 have repeated actions in at least two of the reporting periods. Of the people involved, 2,186 are women, 5,840 are men and 1 person does not record gender information.

²⁵ This figure considers each person only once, regardless of whether they have been linked to several educational models or for several terms. According to their last location, 1,430 are located in TATRs while 5,742 are located outside TATRs.

²⁶ In the following numbers, the information on people linked to educational models is shown by period and by model, with the precision that the same person may have been linked to several models and in several years



- During the last month, **11,481** people in reincorporation registered psychosocial accompaniment in **596** municipalities in the country: **2,304** located in TATRs and **9,177** located outside TATRs.

3.9 Community Reincorporation

- 154 initiatives to be developed in 54 PDET municipalities and impacting Pillar 8 initiatives in 45 of these municipalities, with the participation of 4,552 people in the process of reincorporation and 6,200 people from the community. The resources that have been allocated amount to \$15,726 million (USD 4.1 M) from the National General Budget and approximately \$1,485 million (USD 390,790) from International Cooperation.

3.10 Minors certified under the Differential Path of Life Agreement

- We are aware of the certification of 124 youths belonging to the Differential Life Path Program: the total started their reincorporation process; **112** youths are still active in this process (**45** men and **67** women), **6** are absent, **4** have died and **2** are temporarily limited

3.11 Security of reincorporated persons

- Permanent presence and intervention of troops and police and protection personnel is ensured in the former Territorial Areas for Training and Reincorporation
- 24 Carabineros basic units (**729** troops) and **55** Army platoons (**1,730** troops) and 26 protection schemes for UNP groups are maintained.
- Continued operation of the Security and Protection Technical Roundtable, with 41 sessions as of **September 30, 2021**.
- As of this date, within the framework of the decisions of the Table, **345** protection schemes have been implemented for former combatants (**35** collective; **281** individual; 26 of the TATRs; **3** for FARC party headquarters), with **1,323** escort agents and **665** vehicles.
- Relocation out of the risk zone has been advanced in **301** cases.
- Emergency removal from the risk zone in the face of imminent threats has been carried out in 27 cases.
- Implementation of a comprehensive security and protection program for communities and organizations in the territories, in the municipality of Algeciras (Huila).
- Investigation of **274** homicides, **19** disappearances and 45 attempted homicides against former combatants, with investigative advances in **180** cases (**53.3%**).
- Effective inter-institutional coordination in **91** sessions of the Inter-institutional Coordination Table for the Security of Reincorporated Persons
- In this Roundtable, 52 prevention, protection and security measures have been agreed upon: 11 prevention measures, 10 protection measures, 21 security measures and 10 for judicial support.
- Support to the judicial investigation in 37 sessions of the Integrated Information Center (CI2DES)
- No Farc Party candidate was assassinated in the 2019 territorial elections
- Agreement of the Security and Protection Strategy for female former combatants, by the ARN and the Comunes component of the CNR.

4. Planning Development Plans with Territorial Approach (PDET)



4.1 PDET and Roadmap

- 16 technically constructed Roadmaps, in which the calculations of each of the four components of the instrument and the validation of the results of the application of the methodology with the territorial actors are developed
- 11 Roadmaps agreed with more than 2,450 community and local government representatives: Catatumbo, Sur de Bolívar, Sur de Córdoba, Putumayo, Montes de María, Chocó, Pacífico y Frontera Nariñense, Bajo Cauca y Nordeste Antioqueño, Sur de Tolima, Urabá Antioqueño y Caguán Basin and Piedemonte Caqueteño.
- 55 active participation spaces to agree on the remaining Roadmaps.
- 16 PDET Plans were signed, of which 14 were signed after August 7, 2018, with the participation of more than 220,000 attendees, who prioritized and organized 32,808 initiatives, 1,178 subregional and 31,630 municipal.
- **Agreements and Ordinances** - The 170 PDET municipal agreements and 18 PDET departmental ordinances were signed, adopting PDET as a long-term public policy, with the Huila ordinance still pending.
- In 2019, 70 agreements were signed and executed between PDET Municipalities and the Superintendence of Notaries and Registry (SNR) for the formalization of urban properties. As of December 2020, there are 45 agreements in force between PDET territories and the Superintendence of Notaries and Registry for the formalization of urban properties in 84 municipalities, 36 of these agreements were signed in 2020. During 2021, 8 agreements were signed with the municipalities of Teorama, Ataco, Buenaventura, for a period of 4 years, Puerto Lleras, Puerto Caicedo, San Juan del Cesar, for a period of 1 year and 7 months, Pradera and Orito, for a period of 1 year and 4 months, and 1 departmental, with the Governorate of Meta, for a period of 1 year and 7 months
- The ART created a collaborative inter-institutional space to address the issue of land tenure and use conflicts, with the participation of the National Land Agency, the Ministry of the Interior, the National Commission of Indigenous Territories and the Ministry of the Interior. To date, 47 sessions of the roundtable have been held, in the framework of which progress has been made in the construction of conflict selection criteria and an umbrella methodological route to address them, although it has not been possible to present it to the National Commission of Indigenous Territories.

4.2 PDET Works

The PDET-ART Works strategy seeks to build trust and strengthen the capacities of community organizations through the structuring and execution of small-scale works. This strategy, in addition to ART resources, articulates resources from other sources such as the Colombia in Peace Fund, International Cooperation, among others. In this context, 170 municipalities have benefited from the implementation of PDET-ART works.²⁷

1,801 projects have been approved in 170 PDET municipalities in the 16 Subregions with an investment of \$351,971,177 million. Of the 1,801 projects approved, 65.2% have already been completed and/or

²⁷ The main objective of PDET works is to implement activities to strengthen community organizations in order to develop community infrastructure project initiatives, which allow a rapid response to the needs prioritized by the communities.



delivered, 20.7% are under execution, 9.9% are being structured, 3.7% are structured and 0.6% are being verified.

Table 1. General status of projects approved in PDET Works

Status	Projects	Total
In Execution	372	\$91.841
Delivered	900	\$145.033
Completed	274	\$55.441
Under Verification	10	\$1.764
In Structuring	179	\$41.561
Structured	66	\$16.332
Total	1.801	\$351.971

Source. Prepared by ART, as of September 30, 2021

However, 94% of the works are focused on road infrastructure projects (40%) and community social projects (54%), while 4% are aimed at public service infrastructure and the remaining 2% are projects that include different combinations of productive, road and community infrastructure.

Table 2. Number of projects approved in PDET works by sector

SECTOR	PROJECTS	TOTAL
Social and Community Infrastructure	962	\$180.270
Road Infrastructure	711	\$156.146
Public Services Infrastructure	66	\$7.846
Productive Infrastructure	54	\$6.321
Educational Infrastructure	8	\$1.388
Total	1.801	\$351.971

Source. Prepared by ART, as of September 30, 2021

4.3 Investment

To date, during the current administration, it has been identified that investment in PDET municipalities, through mobilizing sources, amounts to **\$9.97** billion.

Eighty-two percent of the resources have been approved through two mechanisms: OCAD Paz and PGN Peace tracer. On the one hand, through OCAD Paz, **494** projects have been approved in PDET municipalities, with an investment of close to **\$5.3** billion, where investments in the transportation and mining and energy sectors stand out. On the other hand, **103** projects have been marked through the Peace Tracer - PGN for a value of **\$2.9** billion, where the sectors of social inclusion, reconciliation and education stand out.

Agency for Territorial Renewal and the Colombia in Peace Fund, the Works for Taxes mechanism and International Cooperation. The first, composed of the PDET - ART Works, the ART Productive Projects, the Territorial Intervention Projects and the Sustainable Colombia Projects, amount to an investment of **\$728** billion. In turn, through the Works for Taxes mechanism, **58** companies have been linked through



76 projects for \$607 billion and, finally, through International Cooperation, 130 projects have been approved for \$409 billion.

4.3.1 OCAD Paz

During this government, OCAD Paz²⁸ has approved 494 projects in PDET and PDET-Non PDET municipalities with an investment of \$5.32 billion distributed in 160 PDET municipalities:

Table 3. Number of projects approved in the OCAD Paz by period of validity

Period	Projects	TOTAL (Million)
2018	32	\$ 149.096
2019	88	\$ 742.470
2020	105	\$ 887.734
2021	269	\$ 3.539.566

Source: Prepared by the ART - OCAD Technical Secretariat, cut-off date September 30, 2021

During 2021, 269 projects have been approved for \$3.53 billion, of which 62 projects were approved through a session held in September, for \$614,194 million. Of the 494 projects approved, 53% have not yet been contracted, 39.1% are under execution and 7.9% have already been completed. During September, 2 projects began execution for \$59,694 million and 6 projects were completed for \$20,172 million.

In general, the 494 projects are distributed in 13 sectors, of which 4 out of 5 are in the sectors of Transportation, Mines and Energy, and Water Supply and Basic Sanitation, which concentrate 84.2% of the investment of the approved resources. Now, of the 62 projects approved during the month of September 2021, 16 are directed to the Aqueduct and Basic Sanitation sector for \$151,568 million, 10 to Agriculture and Rural Development for \$139,628 million, 2 to the Recreation and Sports sector for \$57,632 million and 6 directed to Mines and Energy for \$56,764 million. Finally, 8 projects were approved for Transportation and the remaining 20 projects were directed to the Environment, Education, Social Inclusion, Information, Health and Information and Communications Technology sectors, for \$158,828 million.

Of the 62 projects approved in September 2021, the following stand out:

- 16 to housing, city and territory - aqueduct for \$151,568 million.
- 10 to agriculture and rural development, for \$139,628 million.
- 2 to sports and recreation for \$57,632 million.
- 6 to mines and energy for \$56,764 million.
- 8 are directed to the transportation sector for \$49,775 million

²⁸ Collegiate Administrative and Decision Making Body created by Legislative Act No. 04 of 2017, with the purpose of approving investment projects related to the implementation in charged to four investment sources: 1) Peace Allocation; 2) Production Incentive; 3) FONPET; 4) Peace Allocation - Transportation Infrastructure.



4.3.2 Works for Taxes:

Through this mechanism, between 2018 and 2021, 92 companies were linked to develop 139 projects with an investment of \$939,837 million, both in PDET and ZOMAC municipalities. Regarding this total, 76 projects have been approved in PDET and PDET-ZOMAC municipalities with an investment of \$607,456 in 101 PDET municipalities, of which:

- In 2018, 14 projects were approved for \$161,350 million.
- During 2019, 25 projects were approved for \$186,358 million.
- In 2020, 20 projects were approved for \$145,091 million.
- So far in the first half of 2021, 18 projects have been approved with an investment of \$120,453 million.

Of the 76 projects approved, 26.3% are under preparation, 31.6% are under execution, and 42.1% have been delivered to the competent national entity. During the month of September, 1 project that was under preparation began execution for \$9,152 million and 3 projects were completed for \$23,797 million.

However, the 76 projects are distributed in 7 sectors, 4 out of 5 of which are directed towards the Education, Transportation Infrastructure and Water and Basic Sanitation sectors and concentrate 84% of the investment of approved resources.

4.3.3 Peacebuilding Tracer

Between 2019 and 2021, 34 entities of the national order corresponding to 17 sectors have been able to identify the budget items destined to the attention of the Final Agreement, with a special emphasis on the implementation of the PDETs, as of July 31, 2021, the entities of the national order have committed resources for 2.90 trillion pesos.

Table 4. Investment resources committed in the PGN

Sector	Commitments	Participation
Social Inclusion and Reconciliation	\$ 736.329.688.646	25%
Labor	\$ 569.901.774.557	20%
Education	\$ 332.397.197.639	11%
Mines and Energy	\$ 284.754.370.117	10%
Agriculture and Rural Development	\$ 272.573.439.616	9%
Housing, City and Territory	\$ 209.167.103.654	7%
Health and Social Protection	\$ 183.642.502.022	6%
Transportation	\$ 121.141.332.406	4%
Sports and Recreation	\$ 67.054.706.726	2%
Presidency of the Republic	\$ 57.889.533.495	2%
Information and Communications Technologies	\$ 45.428.507.991	2%
Culture	\$ 11.829.655.829	0%
Commerce, Industry and Tourism	\$ 11.054.415.909	0%
Public Employment	\$ 2.277.728.452	0%



Sector	Commitments	Participation
Planning	\$ 673.894.926	0%
Environment and Sustainable Development	\$ 364.343.438	0%
Justice and Law	\$	0%
Total	\$ 2.906.480.195.421	100%

Source: SPI, DNP. Cut-off: September 30, 2021

As can be seen, the Social Inclusion, Labor, Education, Mines and Energy and Agriculture and Rural Development, Housing and Health and Social Protection sectors account for 91% of the total resources executed by these entities in the PDET municipalities

5. Voluntary Substitution of Illegal Crops

5.1 Program progress

- The program was received in disarray, with no planning and underfunded. A diagnosis of the implementation was carried out and an Action Plan was developed for the 88 intervention nuclei in the 56 municipalities.
- Between August 2018 and September 2021, the National Government has invested **\$1.07 billion (USD \$283 M)** in the Integrated Program for Illegal Crops Substitution (IPICS) through the Colombia in Peace Fund.
- A total of 99,097 families whose family economy has depended on or has been affected by illegal crops were linked to the **voluntary substitution program for illegal crops**. Of these beneficiaries, **35,826** women are members of their families.
- During the term of the Government's term, 21,437 families entered the intervention route, which were already registered among the 99,097 families but had not received attention.
- During the Government's term of office, **18,207** hectares of illegal crops have been reduced through **voluntary and assisted eradication**, with an investment of \$29,058 million (USD \$7.6M). The accumulated number of hectares eradicated during the Program's term is **44.425**.
- With an investment of **\$878,584 million (USD \$231 M)**, **76,154** families in 14 departments and 56 municipalities have received **Immediate Food Assistance payments**.
- With an investment of \$135,925 million (USD \$35 M), 65,830 families have received goods and inputs for the implementation of **Home Vegetable Garden** projects as part of the **Self-Sustainability and Food Security** component.
- With an investment of \$102,963 million (USD \$27 M), **71,748** families have received **Comprehensive Technical Assistance** services in 56 municipalities and 14 departments.
- Resources amounting to **\$172,112 million (USD \$45 M)** have been committed, thanks to which 7,048 families have **Productive Projects**.
- With an investment of \$86,283 million (USD \$22.7 million), 5,680 former coca leaf growers are involved in service contracts with local organizations to carry out activities of community interest,

5.2 Security of leaders who support the Integrated Program for Illegal Crops Substitution - IPICS



- The "Plan for the Articulation of Security Actions for IPICS leadership and substitution models" is being implemented. In addition, the IPICS implementation progress figures were updated, as well as the progress in the implementation of the 16 actions of the Plan's implementation matrix.
- The methodological transfer was carried out by the USAID-Chemonics Human Rights Program to the territorial coordinating offices of the DSCI, for the implementation of self-protection workshops in the territories of the Program and certificates of participation of this methodological transfer were issued. It was also defined the realization of four territorial workshops on social capacities for self-protection, between March and August 2021, one in Mesetas, Meta (20 leaders); one in Caquetá (20 leaders); another in Cauca (20 leaders) and a last one in Córdoba (11 leaders). These exercises included the participation of the UNP, the Personería, the Ombudsman's Office and the National Police, who made presentations for the articulation and activation of security routes.
- The Protocol for attention to cases of leadership and beneficiaries of the Program that require immediate attention was updated in coordination with the Attorney General's Office (FGN), the National Protection Unit (UNP), the National Police (Human Rights Directorate) and the Directorate for the Substitution of Illegal Crops (DSCI). As of September 30, 2021, this Protocol has been activated 14 times²⁹
- On a monthly basis, all early warnings issued by the Ombudsman's Office are followed up and analyzed, with emphasis on the recommendations for the IPICS population and in substitution processes. Likewise, all the official letters and documents sent by the Intersectoral Commission for Rapid Response to Early Warnings (CIPRAT) are reviewed for this specific population. As of July 31, 2021, 212 Early Warnings have been analyzed for the years 2018, 2019, 2020 and 2021, of which, 29% refer to situations related to IPICS population and in substitution processes. These reports and monitoring matrix constitute an internal analytical input of the Council.
- The Plan also includes 3 affirmative actions on gender issues. In this sense, the protocol for mainstreaming the women's approach in substitution models is consolidated, which responds to the Implementation Framework Plan (PMI) and where, on the part of the Council, the chapters on gender-based violence and women and security are contributed. The latter contextualizes the actions developed in the Guide for Coordinators and the Immediate Response Protocol
- In the second semester of 2021, the implementation of the territorialization strategy began, starting with the department of Nariño. On July 13, a meeting was held with the delegates of the territorial entities in order to make the designations in the entities for security issues, outline the route of action in substitution security and define the instances for the treatment of security issues. With the above, national and territorial routes for the security of leaders and beneficiaries of substitution are articulated. To date, meetings have also been held with local authorities in Córdoba and Norte de Santander.

²⁹ Previously, it was reported that the protocol had been activated 16 times because threats to DSCI contractors were taken into account. However, the protocols for dealing with cases of threats to leadership are exclusive to the IPICS population



6. Comprehensive Rural Development

6.1 Productive Factors

In terms of productive factors, policies have been designed to strengthen the land fund, guarantee access to and formalization of land, together with the provision of infrastructure for the improvement of rural property, and the modernization of the cadastral system.

6.1.1 Land Access

Land Fund.

- During the current administration, 1,175,237 hectares have entered the National Land Fund, equivalent to 11,001 properties, for a total of 1,402,068 hectares, which corresponds to a contribution of 84% of the total number of hectares entered into the Fund.
- Since the creation of the fund, a total of 741,711 hectares have been disposed of in 140 PDET municipalities. Likewise, during this administration, a total of 247,021 hectares have been delivered through the Land Fund for the benefit of 10,032 families.

Land Formalization.

- Within the framework of the commitment to formalize seven million hectares, the current government has made progress in the regularization of more than 730,000 hectares, of which 671,349 hectares are registered in Sinergia. This was achieved through the issuance of more than 31,900 titles, of which 26,764 titles are registered in Sinergia, benefiting 39,927 families. During this government, a total of 237,150 hectares have been regularized in 125 PDET municipalities, benefiting 15,283 families.
- 175,119 hectares of land **formalized and adjudicated to the peasant population**, benefiting 27,112 families, through the delivery and registration of 26,677 titles in 29 departments.
- Of these, 75,339 formalized and adjudicated hectares have benefited 15,248 rural women.
- In the current government, for every two families benefited, one family is headed by rural women, which is above the historical number of titles issued by the ANT in which, for every five families, two were headed by rural women.
- 496,230 hectares of land formalized for ethnic communities, through the issuance and registration of 87 titles, benefiting 12,815 families in 20 departments. According to the census of ethnic communities, 21,840 ethnic women have benefited, representing 49% of the total number of people benefited, equivalent to 44,197 people.
- **Land Subsidies** have been awarded to 646 families, for a value of \$37,465 million (USD 9.86M). Of the total number of formalized subsidies, 383 beneficiaries have been rural women, representing 52% of the total.

6.1.2 Comprehensive Agricultural and Rural Development Plans – PIDARET –

- The ADR has invested \$9.262 million (2.5 USD) in the structuring of 23 Comprehensive Plans for Agricultural and Rural Development with a Territorial Approach - PIDARET, plus the Special Plan for the District of Buenaventura; in 2021 with an estimated investment of \$3.346 million (888 thousand USD), the remaining 9 plans will be formulated (Amazonas, Arauca, Casanare, Guainiola, Guanajuato, Guanajuato, Guanajuato and the District of Buenaventura). 346 million (888 thousand USD) the remaining 9 plans will be formulated (Amazonas, Arauca, Casanare, Guainía, Guaviare,



San Andrés, Sucre, Vaupés and Vichada), thus, the 32 departments of the country will have this planning tool with a 20-year vision for the agricultural sector.

- With an investment of \$21,895 million (5.8 million USD), ADR has provided agricultural extension services to 29,510 users in 11 departments. Of these users, 9,484 rural women have received Agricultural Extension services.

6.1.3 Comprehensive Agricultural and Rural Development Projects with a Territorial Approach – PIDAR–

- Since August 2018, the Rural Development Agency has co-financed 117 Comprehensive Agricultural and Rural Development Projects - PIDAR, for \$144,047 million, benefiting 11,978 rural producers. \$38,043 million of the total investment has been allocated in 37 PIDAR that take place in 42 PDET municipalities and benefit 3,244 producers.

6.1.4 Land suitability

- The Rural Development Agency has invested \$128,834 million in studies and designs, rehabilitation and administration, operation and maintenance of land suitability projects on 144,508 hectares, benefiting 35,918 producer families (including resources, hectares and families of rehabilitation works contracted in August 2021 and under execution).

6.1.5 Land restitution

- Through productive projects for restitution, 2,004 families have been assisted, with total resources invested in excess of \$66.4 billion (USD 17.48 M)
- 751 families are represented by women and have a total investment of more than \$24,738 million (USD 6.5M).

6.1.6 Multipurpose Cadaster

- The World Bank and the Inter-American Development Bank (IDB) granted the country a credit of USD 150 million for **Multipurpose Cadaster**³⁰, through which the intervention of the 79 municipalities, 38 of these PDET, will be carried out; and the goal is to obtain 65,000 property titles, of which 26,000 will be in the hands of rural women.

³⁰ Art. 80 of Law 1955 of 2019 (PND 2018-2022) incorporated the ANT as a cadastral manager, which will allow it to prepare the physical and legal components of the multipurpose cadastre. The updating of the cadastre will be a fundamental input to feed the Land Fund and, in this way, provide landless or insufficient land to land management subjects. As part of the implementation of the cadastre strategy, a Single Property Form was developed, which will include all the physical variables required by the ANT for the development of property formalization activities. This has a high impact in terms of costs, not only because the property survey is one of the most expensive components, but also because it will allow the ANT to carry out massive formalization processes outside the target areas, based on the official information gathered by the other cadastral managers.

The implementation of the cadaster strategy has been accompanied, in parallel, by an exercise to simplify variables and processes (from 150 to 19) in property regularization, with a direct impact on the time, costs and efficiency of ANT's processes. In the same way and as a consequence, the time required to formulate social property management plans has been reduced by 70%.

In order to align the ANT's operating procedures, Resolutions 7622 and 12096 of 2019 have been issued, both modifying Resolution 740 of 2017, in order to facilitate and expedite the entity's interventions. Likewise, the MADR has been working with its affiliated and related entities to adjust the property sweeping methodology for mass formalization purposes.



- President Iván Duque is committed to ensuring that, by the end of the four-year term, 650 municipalities, including all PDET municipalities, will have the Cadastre, allowing the municipality to collect the land tax as a new source of resources.
- With additional support from the Government of the United Kingdom in addition to the Cadastre credits, the Ministry of the Environment is working with the Ministry of the Environment to finance USD 53 million for the cadastre in protected environmental areas in 23 PDET municipalities and one municipality for biocarbon cooperation, for a total of 24.
- Planned as the pilot of the multipurpose cadastre, in Ovejas (Sucre) the National Land Agency (ANT) delivered the largest title deeds in the history of the country, as part of the implementation of the Social Property Management Plans: 1,058 titles for the adjudication of 753 vacant lots and 295 formalizations of private properties. With USAID support, the same process was initiated for nine PDET municipalities.
- The Multipurpose Cadaster Conpes was adopted.

As of December 2020, the new cadastral model has allowed:

- There are 23 cadastral managers in the market breaking with IGAC's monopoly.
- As of December 2020, the country has 18.16 million hectares updated, of which 6.9 million hectares were updated exclusively by the IGAC; this progress implies a revolutionary change in the country's cadastral management, given that in the last 10 years the IGAC had only updated an annual average of 3.8 million hectares.
- The change from public function to public service implied that by 2020 the country will have updated 15.92% of the national territory, which represents 27% of the four-year goal.
- By the year 2021 the goal is to update 35.1% of the national territory, for which 40 million hectares will be updated, of which 27.11 million hectares are already funded, representing 24% of the national territory.
- The goal of the National Development Plan implies the updating of 60% of the national territory with a multipurpose cadastre.

6.1.7 Credits and crop insurance

- So far in 2021 (as of September), the result is 16.75%, because of the total of 101,435.75 hectares insured with subsidized crop insurance at the national level, 16,995.08 correspond to Small Producers. This represents a 239.3% compliance with respect to the target for the year (7%).
- A total of \$36,516 million (USD 9.6 M) has been allocated for the Agricultural Insurance Premium Incentive, insuring agricultural investments for \$882,460 million (USD 232.2 M), and specifically, \$15,542 million (USD 4.1 M) has been allocated for the Agricultural Insurance Premium Incentive for Small Farmers, insuring crops for \$91,060 million (USD 24 M).
- During this government (August 2018 - September 2021) 504,704 women have had access to soft credit - credit on FINAGRO terms (with a total credit value of \$4.82 billion - USD 1,269.1 M), which corresponds to 35.69% of the 1,414,149 natural persons who have had access to this type of credit (with a total credit value of \$18.01 billion - USD 4,738.4 M)



- During this government (August 2018 - September 2021), 70 women have had access to the LEC for land purchase (with a total credit value of \$3,650 million - USD 0.96 M and subsidy of \$751 million - USD 0.2 M), which corresponds to 28.23% of the total of 248 natural persons who have had access to this line (with a total credit value of \$13,465 million - USD 3.54 M and subsidy of \$2,662 million - USD 0.7 M).

6.2 Infrastructure

In infrastructure, together with the different national and local entities, we have prioritized interventions in the areas of roads, electrification, connectivity, water and basic sanitation for the country's rural population.

6.2.1 Drinking Water and Basic Sanitation

- So far during the Duque administration, an investment of close to \$843,000 million has been made in rural areas of our country, benefiting 779,000 inhabitants with access to drinking water and basic sanitation. With the works executed, the MVCT has benefited more than 377,000 people with access to drinking water and basic sanitation through the execution of 63 projects.
- Currently, 95 projects are being executed for an estimated value of \$569,000 million to benefit 401,000 inhabitants in the national territory.

6.2.2 Rural Electrification

- The Ministry of Mines and Energy has provided electricity service to 59,166 new users in 25 departments and 199 municipalities of which 76 are PDET; 19,881 beneficiaries were energized in 2019, and 7,844 in 2018³¹.
- A total of 20,004 new users have been benefited, in the Non-Interconnected Zones of the country, for the period from August 2018 to August 2021; of the total number of users 13,093 (65%) new users have been benefited in PDET municipalities

6.2.3 Road Infrastructure

- The national government has improved and maintained 6,084 km prioritized, which completes 37% of the four-year goal of 16,355 km.
- So far this four-year period, there has been an accumulated progress of 2,079 km, which corresponds to 71% of compliance with the four-year goal of 2,920 km

6.3 Social Development

In terms of social factors, priority has been given to interventions in housing, health, education, food and nutritional security, as well as the involvement of the rural population in programs such as the Colombia Mayor program, youth in action, and families in action, among others.

6.3.1 Rural Housing

- 12,331 housing solutions have been granted, 6,805 improvements, 5,526 new homes.
- Delivery of housing subsidies for a value of \$406,114 million: \$123,544 million for improvement of existing housing and \$282,570 million for construction of new housing.

6.3.2 Food Security

³¹ Figures as of March 31, 2021



- In 2021, the goal was to reach 75.8% of territories that have their Departmental Food and Nutrition Security Plans (PDSAN) prepared and/or updated.
- 100% of certified rural educational centers contracted and attended to the School Feeding Program in a timely manner for the start of the school calendar.

6.3.3 Health

- 37,287 million in transfers made by the Ministry of Health and Social Protection for the co-financing of 52 projects for the acquisition of ambulances, hospital improvements and equipment that will benefit hospitals in 35 prioritized municipalities.

6.3.4 Education

- 100% exemption from payment of academic fees and complementary services was guaranteed for the enrollment served. Thus, in 2021, 2,067,276 students in 6,489 official educational establishments in rural areas of the country were guaranteed exemption from the payment of academic fees and complementary services.
- 22,073 educational centers located in rural areas benefited from the provision of free educational materials. 4,159,516 textbooks were delivered to these rural educational centers.
- Between 2019 and September 30, 2021, 16,318 illiterate people over 15 years of age in the rural sector have been served in the Special Comprehensive Education Cycle (CLEI) 1 - SIMAT, of these, 5,566 people served come from rural areas of PDET municipalities.

6.3.5 Social Prosperity

In September 2021, Social Prosperity advanced the following actions that contribute to reduce multidimensional poverty in rural areas:

- Family in Action (Familia en Acción): The delivery of incentives for the fourth payment of the ordinary cycle of Families in Action began, for an accumulated total of 2,152,216 families benefited in 2021, for an investment of \$1.1 billion, corresponding to health and education incentives, including families in rural areas.
- Jóvenes en acción: As of September 30, 2021, 219,384 young people have been pre-registered in response to the calls made by the Entity through the channels enabled by Prosperidad Social. Of the total number of pre-registered young people, 106,426 belong to training in SENA and 112,958 to training in Higher Education Institutions under agreement with Social Prosperity. Similarly, the delivery of incentives corresponding to the fourth regular cycle of Jóvenes en Acción began, for a cumulative total of 443,129 young people benefited in 2021, with an investment of \$435 billion. In 2021 and as of September 30, 113,609 new enrollments have been granted, in this sense, during the Government of President Duque, 511,473 new young people have been enrolled, reaching the goal of 500,000 new enrollments. This program includes students from rural areas.

6.4 Environment³²

Regarding environmental issues, we have worked on the strategic, operational, and technical components of the environmental zoning plan to update the map of areas of special environmental interest with the

³² Data as of July 31, 2021



participation of the communities in order to close the agricultural frontier. In addition, we have sought to strengthen the program of payments for environmental services, the green business program, and the Natural Conservation strategy.

6.4.1 Environmental zoning

- Between 2018 and 2019, the indicative environmental zoning of the 16 subregions and 170 municipalities of PDET was obtained. During 2020, the updating and adjustment of the environmental zoning plan in its strategic, operational and technical components was advanced.
- In 2020, progress was made with the process of technical closure of the Environmental Zoning Plan: Consultation with the Agriculture and Rural Development sector and the Agency for Territorial Renewal. The strategic, operational and technical components of the plan were agreed with the entities of the Agriculture and Rural Development sector and with the ART.
- During 2021, after the socialization of the PZA with the 20 Corporations that have jurisdiction in the 16 PDET subregions and the agreement of the costing of their Action Plan, the Technical Bases of the plan were updated, taking into account all the considerations received, which allowed editing the VI version of the PZA

6.4.2 National Conservation Contracts

- The Agency for Territorial Renewal, through the Crop Substitution Directorate, will deliver Natural Conservation Contracts to 4,103 IPICS families that have already voluntarily eradicated illegal crops, granting them the right to use the land for sustainable projects.
- In addition, progress was made in the formalization of 111 conservation agreements within the framework of Natural Conservation Contracts with the aim of impacting 331 hectares under conservation in the municipality of Tierralta, Córdoba.

6.4.3 Generation of Green Businesses

- 257 green businesses verified by the Green Business Generation Program. Of these, 106 (42%) are located in the jurisdiction of PDET zones, which report 7,753 people and 8,926 families benefited as partners and employees.
- By 2021, the goal is to verify 370 green businesses, which are located in 27 Environmental Authorities, including 153 municipalities or PDET zones. - To date, 193 verification visits have been made, equivalent to 52% of the businesses established in the target

6.4.4 Payments for Environmental Services

- For the case of Payments for Environmental Services-PES, according to the analysis of the information consolidated by ONVS, 41,311 hectares and 562 families identified with signed PES agreements located in 13 PDET municipalities with AEIA were accounted for, this according to the report submitted by the environmental authorities, as established in Article 2.2.9.8.3.3 of Decree 1070 of 2018 as of December 2020 cut-off and reported in 2021.

7. Transversals

7.1 Gender

- The Government's High Instance for Gender was launched.



- Peace and gender budget markers were established in the PND Law to guarantee investment.
- The Coordination of Women's and Gender Affairs, Victims and Ethnic Groups was created within the Presidential Council for Stabilization and Consolidation.
- Since 2019, the CNR's Gender Technical Roundtable has been in operation with the participation of the ARN, the Office of the Counselor for Stabilization and the FARC component.
- Of the 51 commitments on women and gender, 9 have been fulfilled, of which 5 were fulfilled during this administration. The remaining 42 have all made progress in their implementation and work plans for 2021 and projection for 2022.
- 65 thousand women, together with ART, identified 4606 initiatives with a gender and rural women's label. Of these 1,422 initiatives have management or project implementation.
- 29,586 rural women have benefited from the adjudication and formalization of 364,257 hectares, which corresponds to 49% of the total number of beneficiaries.
- 826 women have benefited from the delivery of 1,472 hectares through the Land Fund as reported by ANT.
- 494 rural women have benefited from the awarding of the Comprehensive Subsidy, which corresponds to 51% of the total number of beneficiaries. Of those 264 were granted in this administration.
- During 2019, the Special Credit Line for women was created for the purchase of land and the soft line.
- 687 thousand women have accessed credit lines with Finagro financing for, among other things, planting and sustaining crops, and the purchase of machinery.

7.2 Ethnic approach

- The IEANPE was reactivated by guaranteeing its operation with US\$490,000 granted by the MPTF thanks to CPEC's efforts.
- Of the 97 commitments of the Ethnic Chapter, 12 have been finalized, of which 7 were fulfilled during this administration. The remaining 85 have all made progress and have work plans for 2021 and a projection for 2022.
- The National Planning Council incorporated into its regulations the inclusion of representatives of the Roma population as permanent guests.
- The National Commission of Indigenous Women was created through the issuance of Decrees 1097 and 1158 of 2020.
- The UNP has provided individual protection measures and shared schemes to 1530 persons belonging to ethnic peoples.
- 55 Ethnic Subjects of Collective Reparation have a protocolized Comprehensive Plan for Collective Reparation (PIRC).
- Of the 2,170 people in the reincorporation process who are self-recognized as members of ethnic communities, 1,095 are linked to 417 productive projects. Ninety-nine percent of these people are affiliated with the health system and have access to banking services.
- 3,957 hectares of illegal crops have been voluntarily eradicated in ethnic territories.



- Decree 1824 of 2020 was issued, regulating the clarification of titles of colonial and/or republican origin.
- 3,355 families of indigenous peoples have benefited from the constitution of 29 resguardos, for an area of 52,628.00 hectares. This is thanks to the legal guarantees for ethnic peoples provided by the National Land Agency.
- 3,391 families of indigenous peoples have benefited from the expansion of 12 resguardos, for an area of 172,920.00 hectares. This is thanks to the legal guarantees for ethnic peoples provided by the National Land Agency.
- 972 families from the Black, Afro-Colombian, Raizal and Palenquero communities have benefited from the collective titling of 11 community councils for 1,729 hectares. This is thanks to the legal guarantees for ethnic peoples provided by the National Land Agency.
- Of the 32,808 PDET initiatives, 1,831 own ethnic initiatives and 2,950 common ethnic initiatives are incorporated in work plans 2020 - 2021.
- The Special Consultation Mechanism is in operation in 12 PDET subregions: Sierra Nevada, Bajo Cauca, Chocó, Pacífico Nariñense, Montes de María, Sur de Córdoba, Arauca, Putumayo, Catatumbo, Sur del Tolima, Urabá Antioqueño and Alto Patía.

7.3 Humanitarian demining

- The Comprehensive Action against Antipersonnel Mines was incorporated within the PND 2018-2022 "Pact for Colombia, Pact for Equity" in its Chapter XI, as a tool to achieve stabilization in the territories.
- With Decree 1784 of 2019, the topic of Comprehensive Action against Antipersonnel Mines (AICMA) was incorporated into the mission of the OACP.
- AICMA's Strategic Action Plan has 3 pillars with annual intervention and execution plans.
- The goal for the four-year period is the release and delivery of 180 municipalities free of suspected mines. There is also a prevention actions goal of 9,000 interventions. Among the main achievements in this area, the following are highlighted:
- The release of 172 municipalities.
- The realization of 20,973 prevention activities in the territories of high affectation and appropriation in 6 native languages.