



## PEACE WITH LEGALITY PEACE IS ACHIEVED WITH ACTIONS

1. **The first public policy that the Government of President Duque adopted, only 100 days into the administration, was the Peace with Legality Policy. It is within the framework of that policy that we have been fulfilling the 2016 Agreement with the former guerrilla FARC.**
2. **The Government of President Duque has made rigorous and detailed plans to make viable the investments necessary to fulfill the Agreement:**

The National Government formulated the **Single Roadmap**, a tool to articulate the various planning instruments and thus determine the schedule of public interventions necessary in the 170 municipalities most affected by violence and poverty, for a 10-year period. Likewise, the peace component of the Multi-Year Investment Plan of the National Development Plan 2018-2022 is of \$37 trillion (USD 9,736M) to fulfill the Agreement. [The United Nations annual budget for 2020 was USD 3,073,000,000.](#)

\$10,2 trillion pesos (USD 2,684M) were executed in 2018 y 2019, that is, 28% of what was planned for the four-year period. For the 2020 term, the General Budget of the National General Budget includes \$9.8 trillion (USD 2,578M) to fulfill implementation.

3. **The Comprehensive System of Truth, Justice, Reparation and Non-Repetition operates with financial autonomy and independence in the exercise of its functions:**

In 2021, the national general budget allocated resources of \$330,748,000,000 pesos (USD 87,03M), to the Special Jurisdiction for Peace. From this sum, \$ 119,157,000,000 (USD 31,3M) were assigned as source of investment, that is, 36% of the total allocated. The remaining 64% are of \$211,590,000,000 (USD 55.6M) as source for operations. In the case of the JEP, the initial allocation for 2020 is the equivalent of 99% of the amount requested by that entity.

4. **During the government of President Duque, 228,104 victims have been received compensation (19% of the victims who have been historically compensated) for a value close to \$1.89 trillion pesos (USD 489M).** In this component, objective guidelines were developed for the gradual and progressive implementation of this measure, thus allowing for clear and fair rules for the disbursement of payments to the most vulnerable people.



5. **718,176 victims have received psychosocial care as of December 2020** through the Program for Psychosocial Care and Comprehensive Healthcare for Victims - PAPSIVI - as the main project for guarantee of rehabilitation. Approximately 61% of these victims are women.
6. **Administrative reparations have been made for 25 subjects of collective reparation of the 28 that have historically received reparations;** in addition, 1,053 reparation actions have been implemented in compliance with the Comprehensive Collective Reparation Plans, with an investment of close to \$115,579,000,000 (USD 30.4M).
7. **During the current presidential term, 755,371 victims of forced displacement overcame their situation of vulnerability.** This is equivalent to 34% of the population that, historically, have overcome their situation of vulnerability, as today there are 2,224,716 who have had access to all these rights. Regarding the victim population, a coverage rate of 93% enrollment in the social security and healthcare system was reached.
8. **In these 29 months, more than 58,000 hectares have been restored.** During this Government, the Land Restitution Unit, as part of the individual subject route, has filed 6,041 restitution lawsuits before the courts, representing 46% of the suits filed during the entire term of the Victims and Land Restitution Law, which has been in force for nine years (2011-2021).

On the other hand, in the collective subject route, the percentage of lawsuits to restore the territorial rights of ethnic communities also showed significant progress. During this Government, 90 lawsuits have been filed, the equivalent to 71% of the total lawsuits filed during the term of the law.

As for sentences, during these 29 months approximately 58,886 hectares have been identified as being the subject of a compensation and/or restitution order (42,899 hectares in the individual subject route and 15,967 in the ethnic route), benefiting 24,390 victims of dispossession and forced displacement that are part of small-scale farming, indigenous and Afro-descendant communities.

9. **With the Peace with Legality policy, we have reached areas where there was no intervention before. The restitution process reaches more than 80% of the territory.** The Land Restitution Unit participates in this policy. Applications within the framework of the policy have been received in all 170 PDET municipalities and micro-targeting has been carried out in 147 PDET municipalities of the 16 Subregions. During this Government, 140 new areas have been the subject of intervention by the Public Force, 80 of which are located in PDET municipalities.



10. **The Government is creating a countryside for entrepreneurs.** The economic capacity of small-scale farmers who are victims of violence and have returned to their lands has improved through the implementation of production projects. Regarding nationwide progress in Contract Agriculture, we have 30,833 producers in PDET zones with 768 business allies, with \$1 trillion pesos in sales. 131,557 commercialization agreements have been signed with these families.
11. **The legal concept of the Territorial Areas for Training and Reincorporation (TATRs), ended in August 2019; the Government of President Duque maintained the 24 TATRs, decided to advance towards a permanent legal concept with housing for former combatants and inclusion in the territorial regulations to leverage their reinstatement.** In these 29 months, \$54,771,000,000 pesos (USD 14.41 million) have been allocated to cover maintenance, rent and supply costs for these areas to function properly. In addition, the supply of dry and fresh food was extended for a value of USD 10.88 million.
12. **The Government of President Duque defined a strategy for people in the process of reincorporation, for them to gain access to land for productive projects and housing.** It allocated USD 4.2 million for the purchase of properties through the National Land Agency (ANT). 2 former Areas for Reincorporation were purchased and paid using money from these funds.
13. **13,808 former combatants have been registered by the Government in the social security system in healthcare, making 98.6% of the total of the last 29 months. 11,643 (83.2%) are registered in the pension system.** These figures exceed by a wide margin the coverage averages for inhabitants in rural areas in Colombia. Thus, Colombia advances in the implementation of the reincorporation process, gaining worldwide recognition for offering the greatest number of guarantees that it supports the population in the process of reincorporation and their families.
14. **The Government of President Duque has disbursed USD 70.07 million for the payment of the economic guarantees to the former combatants.**
15. **86 collective productive projects have been approved by the National Reincorporation Council since the beginning of the Government of President Duque.** These involve 3,353 people in the process of reincorporation, for a value of USD 10.3 million. Of these, 63 projects, for a value of USD 7.89 million, have been disbursed. In the previous period, only 2 collective production projects had been disbursed. Today, 86 production projects have been approved for people in the process of reincorporation, 63 of which have been disbursed. *In other words, 73% of the collective projects have been disbursed during the Government of President Duque.* **2,300 individual production projects have been approved, benefiting 2,788 people, for USD 5.86 million.** 50.8% of the people in the process of



reincorporation showed interest in developing a project as individuals, 100% of these projects have been approved and disbursed during this Government.

**16. The Government of President Duque created the Inter-institutional Coordination Board for Security in Stabilization and Consolidation, which has promoted concrete measures for the security and protection of former combatants.** To date, 279 protection schemes have been implemented by the National Protection Unit (231 for individuals; 20 collective schemes; 26 for former TATRs and two for the FARC party headquarters). More than 2,563 members of the Military and Police Forces provide protection services in the Former Territorial Areas for Training and Reincorporation, that is, an average of 1 member of the public force for each person who lives there.

**17. The Government of President Duque formulated 14 of the 16 Development Plans with Territorial Approach (PDET):**

More than 220,000 citizens participated in the day-sessions for preparing the Plans. These individuals prioritized and organized 32,808 initiatives. It has been one of the most ambitious participatory planning exercises promoted by a government in the entire republican history of the country.

**18. In the PDET regions, 1,250 works have been delivered and 151 are in progress, this is an average of 43 works delivered each month, more than one per day.** The works are for social and community infrastructure, road infrastructure, public services and reconciliation. In the last 29 months, these are some of the most outstanding achievements in the municipalities most affected by violence and poverty:

- In rural areas, 16,024 new people benefit from adequate technological solutions of access to water.
- In rural areas, 9,137 new people gained the benefit of technological solutions of access to basic sanitation.
- 116,273 producers have commercial agreements in the strategy “Coseche y Venda a la Fija” (“Harvest, with Assured Sales”) for an estimated value of \$1,025,457,000,000 (USD 269,8M). 3,088 families gained access to the service of drinkable water for the first time.
- From the 165 Rural Digital Zones installed in the same number of populated centers of 49 PDET municipalities, 163 of them continue to operate.

**19. The Government of President Duque launched the Works for Taxes program, through which private companies can invest up to 50% of the value of their income tax in social investment projects in the regions most affected by violence and poverty.** In 2021, 33 companies are part of the Program and are executing 33 projects, with an investment of USD 99.3 million in 65 municipalities.



Adding to the results of the entire government period, there are 100 projects for \$714,884,000,000 that have been distributed, with 79 related companies.

20. **The Government of President Duque has invested nearly USD \$931 billion (USD 244M) in the Integrated Program for Illegal Crops Substitution (IPICS)**, benefiting the 99,097 families who placed their bets on a life within the legal system, in 14 departments and 56 municipalities of the country. In the 29 months of the Duque Government, 17,967 hectares of coca have been voluntarily eradicated. 98% of the families linked to the program have fulfilled their commitments. A verification in 28 municipalities found reseeded of only 0.8%.
21. **The Government of President Duque began implementing the Multipurpose Land Registry established in the Agreement**, funded through a loan of USD 150 million contracted with the World Bank and the Inter-American Development Bank. This is a transformative goal, and a project where Colombia has been overdue for more than five decades. Therefore, [the plan is to have updated cadastral information in 60% of the territory and 100% of the area of the PDET municipalities at the end of this administration.](#)
22. **966.426 hectares of land have been entered into the National Land Fund in the last 29 months for a total amount of 1'193.257, meaning 81% of the four-year goal of the Fund.** In the framework of 7 million hectares that have been formalized, there has been special progress in the regularization of 499.481 hectares equivalent to 20% of the total progress.
23. **The Government of President Iván Duque has formulated and technically concluded thirteen National Plans for Comprehensive Rural Development.** Currently, there are eleven Technically Concluded Sectorial National Plans, 9 of which have been adopted through administrative acts by the sectors. These plans establish the strategic vision of the transformation of rural areas for a 15-year term (2031) and aim to close the gaps and achieve the well-being of the rural population.
24. **11 of 20 geographic locations have been approved for the agreed-upon stations to broadcast the progress made in the implementation and education for peace, an indicator whose fulfillment is planned for 2031.** From the approved stations, 5 are currently in operation, and 6 are in the technical structuring stage.

The following Peace stations are in operation: Ituango, Antioquia; Chaparral, Tolima; San Jacinto, Bolívar; Fonseca, Guajira and Convención, Norte de Santander. Also, the CSIVI approved the 6 geographic locations for 6 peace stations: Algeciras, Huila; Florida, Valle del Cauca; Bojayá, Chocó; Arauquita, Arauca; Puerto Leguizamo, Putumayo and El Tambo, Cauca.



25. **The show "Mimbre, Tejiendo en Paz" (Wicker, Weaving Peace)** was broadcasted by the TV network Canal Institucional between January 2018 and March 2020 as a key tool for teaching about the implementation of the Agreement. It was a production of 104 episodes (156 hours of audiovisual material) in which USD 2.53 million were invested and which allowed us to comply with point 6.5.1.1. of the Agreement.