



Peace with
Legality belongs
to everyone

Presidential Council for
Stabilization and Consolidation



Peace with Legality Short Management Report

August 2018 - August 2021
36 months

portalparalapaz.gov.co
presidencia.gov.co





Table of Contents

1.	Policy "Peace with Legality"	3
2.	Progress in the Victims' public policy	3
2.1	Victims at the national level	3
2.2	Victims abroad	4
2.3	Progress in Land Restitution Ethnic Route - Decree Laws 4633 and 4635 of 2011	5
3.	Reincorporation.....	6
3.1	Economic Sustainability	7
3.2	Habitability and Housing.....	9
3.3	Family.....	11
3.4	Health and Pension	11
3.5	Labor Training	11
3.6	Academic Education.....	11
3.7	Higher Education.....	12
3.8	Comprehensive Psychosocial Accompaniment.....	12
3.9	Community Reincorporation	12
3.10	Minors certified under the Differential Path of Life Agreement	12
3.11	Security of reincorporated persons.....	12
4.	PDET Planning	13
4.1	PDET and Roadmap	13
4.2	PDET Works	13
4.3	Investment.....	15
5.	Voluntary Substitution of Illegal Crops	17
5.1	Program progress.....	17
5.2	Security of leaders supporting the Integrated Program for Illegal Crops Substitution – IPICS 18	
6.	Integral Rural Development	19
6.1	Productive Factors	19
6.2	Infrastructure	22
6.3	Social Factors	23
6.4	Environment.....	24
7.	Transversals	25
7.1	Gender	25
7.2	Ethnic approach	26
7.3	Humanitarian demining	26



1. Policy "Peace with Legality"

Presented to the country in December 2018 to make public the government's commitment during these four years.

2. Progress in the Victims' public policy

The Single Registry of Victims has recognized 9,153,078 people who have been individually affected by some victimizing event. Of this number of victims, approximately 2,941,123 of them are located in the 170 PDET municipalities prioritized for intervention, which means that almost one third of all registered victims in Colombia reside in these targeted municipalities.

2.1 Victims at the national level

Out of a total universe of 791 subjects of collective reparation included in the Single Registry of Victims, 406 subjects are located in the PDET municipalities. That is, 52% of the subjects of the Collective Reparation Program are in the 170 prioritized municipalities. Regarding return and relocation plans, 86 plans have been approved in PDET municipalities.

- **Prevention and attention to emergencies.** With in-kind Humanitarian Aid, 63.275 households have been supported with an investment of \$15.476 million (USD 4,07M)
- With **immediate Humanitarian Aid**, 62.399 households have been supported with an investment of 55.681 million (USD 14,65M)
- **Attention and humanitarian assistance.** At the national level, 2.253.265 humanitarian assistance programs have been delivered to households that are victims of forced displacement included in the Single Registry of Victims (RUV), with an investment of close to 1,4 billion (USD 374.9 M) which have assisted approximately 1.126.000 households of victims.
- **Individual reparations.** A total of 318.795 individual reparations (administrative and judicial) have been granted with an investment of \$2,69 billion pesos (USD 708 M) and 190.904 individual victims were beneficiaries of the Accompaniment Program in the investment of administrative reparations through different strategies with a differential approach.
- 91.933 victims benefited from the **psychosocial rehabilitation** offered by the Victims Unit, with an investment of more than \$13.682 million pesos (USD 3,6 M)
- 401.403 victims received **satisfaction measures** (letter of dignity, support for the dignified handover of the bodies of persons who had disappeared, among other actions).
- **Collective reparation.** 27 subjects of collective reparation completed their comprehensive collective reparation process with respect to the measures under the Unit's responsibility, with an investment of close to \$21.080 million (USD 5.5 M)
- 432 collective subjects accessed the community **rehabilitation measure**, 203 of them are ethnic, and the measure was closed in 80 of these subjects, with an investment of close to \$12,024 million pesos (USD 3.1 M)
- 1,142 **reparation actions** were implemented in compliance with the Comprehensive Collective Reparation Plans (PIRC), with an investment of close to \$115,773 million (USD 30.5 M), 459 of these reparation actions were carried out in 69 Collective Reparation Subjects located in PDET municipalities



- **39 groups of ethnic groups** were compensated as part of the collective reparation process, with an investment of approximately \$115,910 million (USD 30,5 M)
- **131 subjects of collective reparation** were strengthened by means of endowments, delivery of goods for collective use through the support of productive projects and social and community infrastructure projects with an investment of close to \$48.801 million, (USD 12,84 M).
- **104** subjects of collective reparation (SRC) already have more than 50% of their plan implemented.
- **Returns and relocations: 394** returns or relocation plans approved, with an investment of approximately \$4,395 million (USD 1.15M). Of these, 265 plans are in 86 PDET municipalities, with an investment of approximately \$ 2,782 million (USD 732.152).
- **7.278** households accessed the component for the transportation and transfer of household goods in their return or relocation process, with an investment of close to \$9.347 million (USD 2,4 M).
- **7,302** households received special family support schemes, each worth an average of \$5.12 million (USD 1,348), in 140 municipalities in 32 departments, for a total investment of \$37,392 million (USD 9.8 M).
- **749** communities received special community accompaniment schemes worth close to \$28,127 million (USD 7.4 M).

2.2 Victims abroad

1503 victims from abroad accompanied in their return or relocation process, of which 853 have been women. Figures as of July 31, 2021 Advances in Land Restitution in the Countryside Route (Law 1448, 2011)

Administrative Stage.

- The Registry of Land stripped and forcefully abandoned (RTDAF) has received a total of **132.023** applications for registration, of which **12.608** correspond to applications received during President Duque's Government.
- **114.650** are qualified applications and **93.857** cases have been finalized, of which **32.507** applications have been resolved in this administration.
- **In the 170 PDET municipalities**, the RTDAF has received a total of **66.600** applications for enrollment of which **6.564** correspond to applications received during the government of President Duque. **54.367** are qualified applications, of which **42.218** cases have been finalized, of which **16.473** applications have been resolved in this government.

Judicial stage.

- Historically, **15.418** claims have been filed before the Judges and/or Magistrates of the Specialized Land Restitution Chambers, corresponding to **27.728** requests for registration.
- **8.029** lawsuits have been filed during President Duque's Government, corresponding to **11.623** applications for registration.
- Of these claims, **4.147** fall on **118** of the 170 PDET municipalities, corresponding to **5.563** applications for registration.

Post-Failure Stage (figures on individual route casualties, historical and current government).

- Historically, in **354** municipalities, **6.526** land restitution rulings have been handed down, resolving **12.247** claims benefiting **33.081** people.



- During the government of President Iván Duque and in 329 municipalities, 2,090 land restitution rulings have been handed down, resolving 3,474 requests that protected a total of 9,510 people
- In 87 PDET municipalities, 2,768 land restitution rulings have been handed down, resolving 4,855 requests that covered a total of 14,890 people.
- Historically, 5,413 restituted families were assisted with productive projects in 23 departments. The main productive lines of these projects are: livestock, coffee, cocoa, pepper, fruit and pig farming.
- In the government of President Iván Duque, 1,946 restituted families have productive projects in 213 municipalities, 62% of which correspond to male representatives and 38% to female representatives.
- 2,621 restituted families were assisted with productive projects in 60 PDET municipalities, of which 65% are male representatives and 35% are female representatives. Of the above number, 23 projects are in the design phase, 900 are in the implementation phase and 1,698 productive projects have been completed. The main productive lines of these projects are: dual-purpose livestock, coffee and swine farming
- A total of 922 compensation orders for victims located in 167 municipalities were fulfilled.
- During the Government of President Iván Duque, a total of 624 compensation orders to victims located in 150 municipalities were fulfilled.
- A total of 363 compensation orders were fulfilled for victims located in 50 PDET municipalities
- A total of 257 compensation orders were fulfilled to third parties in 64 municipalities.
- During the Government of President Iván Duque, a total of 179 compensation orders to third parties in 48 municipalities have been complied with in good faith and without fault.
- A total of 122 compensation orders to third parties in good faith exempt from fault were complied with in 20 PDET municipalities.
- 249 orders recognizing Second Occupants were served in 78 municipalities.
- During the Government of President Iván Duque, 156 orders recognizing Second Occupants were served in 61 municipalities. The measures complied with are broken down into: 68 leaving the land to the second occupant, 31 delivery of land equivalent to a Family Agricultural Unit (UAF), 8 purchases of land, 34 payments in money, 13 measures of attention with productive projects and two measures of attention of the National Land Agency (ANT) under SIRA subsidy.
- 104 orders recognizing Second Occupants were served in 25 PDET municipalities.
- In terms of land restitution, compensation or legal and material restitution has been ordered for more than 150,894 hectares (50,883 of individual route and 100,011 of ethnic route)

2.3 Progress in Land Restitution Ethnic Route - Decree Laws 4633 and 4635 of 2011

2.3.1 Preventive protection and restitution of territorial rights of ethnic communities.

- The restitution of ethnic territorial rights currently involves the management of 667 territories of ethnic communities, of which 75% (498 territories) correspond to territories in indigenous communities



and/or peoples and 25% (163 territories) to Black, Afro-Colombian, Raizal and Palenquero communities.

- Of the 660 ethnic territories, 433 are located in the 170 PDET municipalities, which corresponds to approximately 66% of all territorial rights restitution efforts in favor of ethnic communities in Colombia.
- Administrative and procedural promotion actions were carried out on 568 of these territories during President Duque's Government.
- 204.381 ethnic families are undergoing land restitution and/or preventive protection processes on their collective territories, of which 113,539 are located in PDET municipalities. Likewise, 139,319 ethnic families have been benefited during President Duque's Government.
- 3.913.759 hectares have been registered by the Land Restitution Unit in the Registry of Forcibly Abandoned and Dispossessed Lands (with administrative processing completed). 57% of these hectares belong to the territories of indigenous communities and/or peoples and 43% belong to Black communities. 2,768,465 hectares registered in the registry are located within the 170 PDET municipalities. 2,792,641 hectares have been registered so far during the term of President Duque's Government.

2.3.2 Administrative stage of the process of restitution of ethnic territorial rights

- 383 territories are in the preliminary studies phase and another 113 are in the characterization report preparation phase, and the administrative process for 96 territories has been completed.
- 496 territories are in the administrative stage and administrative procedures were carried out for 531 of these cases during President Duque's Government.

2.3.3 Judicial stage of the process of restitution of ethnic land rights

- 134 ethnic restitution claims have been filed before the Civil Judges Specialized in Land Restitution, which seek to protect the rights of 55,247 ethnic families over a total of 3,457,889 hectares. 97 of these claims correspond to territories located in the municipalities prioritized in the 170 PDET municipalities, 101 of these claims were filed during President Duque's Government.

2.3.4 Post-Failure stage of the process of restitution of ethnic territorial rights.

- 21 rulings on restitution of ethnic territorial rights have been handed down by the Civil Judges Specialized in Land Restitution, which have ordered the protection of 310,067 hectares for the benefit of 114,696 families belonging to ethnic communities.
- Of the 21 rulings on the restitution of ethnic territorial rights, 8 were issued during President Duque's Government.

3. Reincorporation

As of August 2021, in the ARN's Information System for Reintegration and Reincorporation - SIRR, 14.0201 people have been reported by the Office of the High Commissioner for Peace (OACP) as accredited or disengaged. Of these persons:

¹ The information may differ from the OACP report due to the administrative process of communication of the resolutions by the OACP and their registration in the ARN's information system.



- 12.910 are in the process of reincorporation:
- 2.469 people located in the former Territorial Spaces for Training and Reincorporation - ETCR-,
- 9.629 persons outside the former ETCRs and
- 812 who are in the process of an active search process ².

Additionally, in order to understand the situation and expectations of our target population, the National Reincorporation Registry (RNR) was created and has been applied to 12.400³ people (9.332 men, 3.068 women), of whom 2.438⁴ are currently registered in one of the former ETCR (1.667 men, 771 women) and 9.962⁵ outside these spaces (7.665 men, 2.297 women).

- Regarding the preference of the Reincorporated Persons for a source of income generation: (51.5%) are interested in having an individual productive project, (33.5%) want a collective productive project, (21.9%) would like to have a family productive project and finally (4.7%) would be interested in employment.
- 62.2% of the people being reincorporated are interested in having their source of income related to activities in the agricultural and livestock sector.
- 55.5% of the people said that they would like to receive some type of psychosocial support.
- 85.9% expressed an interest in starting or continuing their studies.
- 77.3% said they felt optimistic and motivated about the future..

3.1 Economic Sustainability

3.1.1 Productive Projects

- As of August 31, 2021, a total of 3.201 **productive projects**⁶ have been approved, **including collective and individual** projects involving 7.249 people in the reincorporation process (5.418 men y 1.831 women); for a value of \$70.968,6 million (USD 18,67M) of which \$57.978,47 million (USD 15,25M) correspond to contributions from the National Government.
- **96 collective projects approved** by the CNR, involving 3.495 people in the reincorporation process (2.527 men and 968 women) for a value of \$40.950,19 million (USD 10,77 M), of which \$27.960 million (USD 7,35 M) correspond to contributions from the National Government, , \$11,503.86 million (USD 3.03 million) correspond to financial closure by the MPTF and \$1,486.32 million (USD 391,138) correspond to financial closure from other sources.
- **3.105 individual projects approved**, for a value of \$30,02 million (USD 7,53M), benefiting 3.754 people in the process of reincorporation (2.891 men and 863 women).

² Coordinated work with the territory to make the initial contact and linkage in the reincorporation process of people who have been accredited by the OACP

³ Includes all persons with RNR applied, regardless of their current status in the process.

⁴ Includes 2,372 persons still in process, 37 deceased, 6 under investigation for deprivation of liberty, 1 definitive restriction, 22 temporary restrictions.

⁵ Includes 9,543 persons still in process, 219 deceased, 64 under investigation for deprivation of liberty, 14 with definitive limitation, 122 with temporary limitation.

⁶ Within the TATRs, 79 projects benefiting 418 people are developed, while outside the TATRs, 2,984 projects benefiting 6,577 people are developed.



- Additionally, as of August 31, 1,379 people in the process of reincorporation are linked to **productive projects that are in the process of approval**⁷.
- **iNNpulsa:** In order to strengthen productive projects, two agreements have been signed between ARN and iNNpulsa Colombia:
- For a First Phase, on June 28, 2019, Agreement No. 142 was signed for an amount of \$3,576.27 million (USD 941,123)⁸, in which the formulation of 509 individual productive projects was achieved (498 have been filed to the ARN's Territorial Sub-Directorate, benefiting 498 people in reincorporation), as well as the evaluation of 40 collective productive projects by iNNpulsa.
- On November 18, 2020, a Second Phase was signed through Agreement 074/613 for an amount of \$2,260 million (USD 594,736), which contemplates the evaluation of 30 collective productive projects, and the implementation of a strengthening and commercialization route for 130 productive projects (between individual and collective), which **began** to be executed in 2021 and will end in 2022. As of **August 2021**, the ARN **strengthened the commercialization process for 99 productive projects, benefiting 169 people in reincorporation**, and submitted **13** collective productive projects for evaluation, **10** of which have already been evaluated by iNNpulsa, **benefiting 126 people**.
- The ARN has a record of approximately **453 productive initiatives** that are being developed in the territory⁹, and may be the starting point for a productive project, of which 185 initiatives have received support from international¹⁰ cooperation for the growth of their businesses, either through technical support or economic support¹¹.

3.1.2 International Cooperation Projects

- Currently 68 International Cooperation Projects are registered, implemented in 24 former ETCR, through which the reincorporation process is supported, of which **31 are in execution and 37 are completed**.
- Main funding sources:
- European Union through its Trust Fund for Peace in Colombia, which finances 20 projects for a value of EUR 65.78 million.
- European Union through Budgetary Support for the implementation of the National Policy for Social and Economic Reincorporation, worth EUR 12.5 million.
- United Nations Multi-Donor Fund - MPTF, which finances 14 projects for a value of 41.83 million USD.
- United Nations Verification Mission, which finances 3 projects for a value of 981,395 USD.

⁷ These figures may vary on a monthly basis due to the fact that some projects successfully pass the approval process, while others require reformulation.

⁸ \$200,000,000 corresponds to the iNNpulsa Counterpart.

⁹ 275 initiatives within TATRs and 179 outside TATRs.

¹⁰ Entities such as UNDP, UN, UNODC, UNVMC, Swedish Government, among others, provide support to several initiatives, through training, technical strengthening, delivery of inputs or equipment or even financial support for the business.

¹¹ The same initiative mentioned here can have more than one leverage from cooperation or from the public or private sector.



- United Nations Peacebuilding Fund, which finances 1 project worth 2.95 million USD.
- Other funders, supporting 30 projects worth 29.2 million USD

3.1.3 Labor Inclusion

- A total of 2,843 people are linked to an economic activity or labor inclusion routes, of which 1,834 people also have a productive project and 1,009 people are currently in labor inclusion as their main economic activity.

3.1.4 Economic Guarantees

- During the period from August 2018 to July 2021 \$323,38 million (USD 85.10 M) has been disbursed in economic ¹² guarantees , distributed as follows:
- Normalization Single Allowance: \$1.558.219.000 (USD 410.058) reaching a total of 13.216 beneficiaries (3.097 women and 10.119 men).
- Basic Income \$111.568.516.003 (USD 29.36 M), benefiting 12.376 people (2.996 women and 9.380 men)¹³
- Monthly allowance: \$219.680.711.146 (USD 57.81 M); benefiting 12.100 people (2.986 women and 9.114 men) ¹⁴.

3.2 Habitability and Housing

3.2.1 Former Territorial Training and Reincorporation Areas

- The transitory legal figure of the Territorial Areas for Training and Reincorporation (ETCR) ended on August 15, 2019. In this regard, the National Government decided to move towards a permanent figure in the framework of territorial planning to leverage reincorporation, through its administration, supply, health schemes and transformation strategy.
- **Administration:** as of August 1, 2018, the ARN assumed the administration of 24 ETCRs and has allocated resources in the amount of \$70.067,45 million (USD 18,44 M) that allow for personnel expenses, leases, maintenance and supplies necessary for the proper functioning of these places until March 31, 2022; the administration of the land required by the security forces to provide security in these places; as well as those needs arising from the relocation and transformation processes of the TATRs.
- **Supply:** The transitory service for the supply of dry and fresh food to the 24 former ETCRs and 25 of their surrounding areas has been extended for a total amount of \$69,895.51 million, guaranteeing the supply of food for 6,383 people until December 31, 2021:
- In the 2019 validity, \$13,901.83 million (USD 3.66 M) guaranteeing the supply of groceries from October 29, 2019 until March 31, 2020.

¹² The total amount of economic guarantees disbursed since the beginning of the reincorporation process amounts to \$ 440.265.639.392 (USD 115,85 M), distributed as a Normalization Single Allowance for \$25.905.914.000 (USD 6,82 M); Basic Income for \$203.874.564.804 (USD 55.39 M) and Monthly Allowance for \$210.485.160.588 (USD 55,39 M).

¹³ The amounts and beneficiaries indicated for the Basic Income are presented calculated as of August 2018, the start date of the period reported in this report.

¹⁴ The amounts and beneficiaries indicated for the Basic Monthly Allowance are presented calculated as of 2019, when it was implemented. The first disbursement of this allowance coincides with the 24 completed months of the first Basic Annuities



- During the 2020 period, \$30,447.35 million (USD 8.01 M) covering the delivery of supplies until April 30, 2021.
- During the 2021 term, \$25,546.32 million (USD 6.72 M) guaranteeing the continuity in the delivery of supplies until December 31, 2021.
- Transformation Strategy:
- The government has allocated \$16,000 million for the purchase and habilitation of land for the development of productive projects and/or housing in order to move towards consolidation.
- Progress has been made in the identification of 6 former ETCR for consolidation on the same land¹⁵, 12 with relocation agreed with the communities in the process of reincorporation¹⁶ and 6 in the process of analysis and definition¹⁷.
- Purchase of 11 properties for the consolidation of the former ETCR Colinas (Guaviare), La Fila (Icononzo), Llano Grande (Dabeiba), El Estrecho (Patía), Mutatá (Mutatá) (2 properties), Charras (San José del Guaviare), La Variante (San Andrés De Tumaco) (2 properties), Yarí (San José) and Pongores (Porto Belo 2 property) This enabled a total of 574,71 hectares and benefited 1.089 people in the process of reincorporation.

3.2.2 Housing

- The ARN carries out coordinated actions with the government entities governing or implementing the social housing policy, aimed at obtaining resources or quotas for the different programs or projects that allow materializing the attention of persons in the reincorporation process.
- The Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development conditionally awarded 501 rural family housing subsidies (SFVISR) to the same number of persons undergoing reincorporation. In June, the replacement notices were sent to the 128 persons in the reincorporation process who were conditionally awarded with subsidies for rural social and priority housing
- The Ministry of Housing, City and Territory (MVCT) currently has resources available and/or in the process of management amounting to \$71,534 million
- As of August 31, 2021, an inter-administrative agreement for the exchange of information between the entities is being processed through the National Savings Fund.
- As of July 2021, 1,110 persons in reincorporation who have approached the ARN Territorial Groups to express their interest in requesting the economic support resources contemplated in Decree 899 of 2017 were registered; likewise, 1. 416 people in reincorporation have effectively participated in socialization days; to date, 10 applications have been disbursed, 5 in the modality of mortgage credit payment, 2 in the modality of housing sanitation, 2 in construction of housing on their own site and 1 in the modality of acquisition of used housing. Finally, two applications are being processed for disbursement, one to the Payment Office in the Financial Subdirectorate and the other is being reviewed by the technical area.

¹⁵ Colinas, El Estrecho, Filipinas, Llano Grande, La Fila, and Los Monos.

¹⁶ La Variante, Caño Indio, El Ceral, Yarí, La Pradera, Pongores, La Plancha, Monterredondo, Charras, Mutatá, Caracolí and Miravalle.

¹⁷ San José de Oriente, Agua Bonita, Carrizal, La Guajira, La Reforma and El Oso.



3.3 Family

- 1 1,334 children in the TATRs with food assistance.
- 2,850 children and adolescents, reported by the ICBF, linked to prevention, promotion and protection programs, strategies, services or modalities.

3.4 Health and Pension

- 99,0% of the reincorporation population¹⁸ has ever been affiliated to health insurance (13.882 persons distributed among 10.579 men, 3.303 women)¹⁹.
- 85.2% of the reincorporated population²⁰ (11.950 people) are affiliated to some pension system²¹. The gender breakdown is 2.847 women, 9.103 men.

3.5 Labor Training

- As of July 31, 2021²², 24.900 quotas for training programs were offered through a partnership with SENA and Education Institutions for Labor and Human Development. A total of 14.090²³ people (3.914 women, 10.173 men and 3 people whose sex is unknown) were nominally enrolled in 5.826 courses, programs and events²⁴.

3.6 Academic Education

- Between 2019 and 2021, 7.172 people²⁵ have been linked to Academic Education: 1.322 are related to the primary level, 5.642 in high school and 208 in higher education. The linkage of people to academic training is achieved through the implementation of different strategies and educational models²⁶.

¹⁸ Includes all states.

¹⁹ 2,590 health affiliates whose last record of location was in TATRs, and 11,292 outside TATRs.

²⁰ Includes all states.

²¹ 2. 2,265 pension members whose last recorded location was in TATRs, and 9,685 outside TATRs.

²² Job training information is 1 month behind

²³ The figures for both people and courses present an aggregate year after year without differentiating the people who have been linked in more than one period, since the Annual Institutional Plan does not take this into consideration. However, the figure in real terms is:

8.027 8,027 people, of whom 6,062 have repeated actions in at least one of the reporting periods. Of the people involved, 2,186 are women, 5,840 are men and 1 person does not have gender information. This means that 62% of the accredited reincorporation population has been served in the Training for Work benefit, based on the denominator of July 2021

²⁴ In 2018, 789 courses were held which linked 2,577 people: 601 women and 1,976 men. In 2019, 2737 courses were held which linked 5,434 people: 1,441 women, 3990 men and 3 people without gender information. In 2020, 2,186 courses were held, linking 4,220 people: 1,286 women, 2,934 men. For the year 2021 as of July 30, 2021, 380 courses have been held, linking 1,828 people: 578 women and 1,250 men. A total of 8,027 people have been linked, of which 6,062 have repeated actions in at least two of the reporting periods. Of the people involved, 2,186 are women, 5,840 are men and 1 person does not record gender information

²⁵ This figure considers each person only once, regardless of whether they have been linked to several educational models or for several terms. According to their last location, 1,430 are located in TATRs while 5,742 are located outside TATRs.

²⁶ In the following paragraphs, the information on the persons linked to educational models is shown by period and by model, with the precision that the same person may have been linked to several models and in several years.



3.7 Higher Education

- As of July 31, 2021, the SIRR reports that, of 166 people linked to higher education offerings with attendances (84 women, 82 men), 14 are recognized as belonging to an ethnic group (8 women, 6 men): 8 as indigenous (5 women, 3 men), 5 as black, mulatto, Afro-Colombian or Afro-descendant (2 women, 3 men) and 1 woman does not specify the ethnic group

3.8 Comprehensive Psychosocial Accompaniment

- During the last month, 11,475 persons in reincorporation registered psychosocial accompaniment in 580 municipalities in the country: 2,301 located in TATRs and 9,174 located outside TATRs.

3.9 Community Reincorporation

- 154 initiatives to be developed in 54 PDET municipalities and impacting Pillar 8 initiatives in 45 of these municipalities, with the participation of 4,552 people in the process of reincorporation and 6,200 people from the community. The resources that have been allocated amount to \$15,726 million (USD 4.1 M) from the National General Budget and approximately \$1,485 million (USD 390,790) from International Cooperation.

3.10 Minors certified under the Differential Path of Life Agreement

- We are aware of the certification of 124 youths belonging to the Differential Path of Life Program: the total started their reincorporation process; 111 youths are still active in this process (44 men and 67 women), 7 are absent, 4 have died and 2 are temporarily limited

3.11 Security of reincorporated persons

- The permanent presence and intervention of troops and police and protection personnel is ensured in the former Territorial Training and Reincorporation Areas
- 24 Basic Carabineros units (763 troops) and 48 Army platoons (1,487 troops) and 26 protection schemes for UNP groups are maintained.
- Continued operation of the Security and Protection Technical Roundtable, with 41 sessions as of August 31, 2021.
- As of this date, in the framework of the decisions of the Table, 338 protection schemes for ex-combatants have been implemented (33 collective; 277 individual; the 26 of the TATRs; 2 for FARC party headquarters), with 1,310 escort agents and 658 vehicles.
- Relocation out of the risk zone has been advanced in 277 cases.
- Emergency removal from the risk zone in the face of imminent threats has been carried out in 27 cases.
- Implementation of a comprehensive security and protection program for communities and organizations in the territories, in the municipality of Algeciras (Huila).
- Investigation of 270 homicides, 17 disappearances and 45 attempted homicides against former combatants, with investigative progress in 173 cases (52.1%).



- Effective inter-institutional coordination in 82 sessions of the Inter-institutional Coordination Table for the Security of Reincorporated Persons
- In this Table, 52 prevention, protection and security measures have been agreed upon: 11 prevention measures, 10 protection measures, 21 security measures and 10 for judicial support.
- Support to the judicial investigation in 37 sessions of the Integrated Information Center (CI2DES)
- No Farc Party candidates were killed in the 2019 territorial elections
- Agreement of the Security and Protection Strategy for female former combatants, by the ARN and the Comunes component of the CNR.

4. PDET Planning

4.1 PDET and Roadmap

- 16 technically constructed roadmaps, in which the calculations of each of the four components of the instrument and the validation of the results of the application of the methodology with the territorial stakeholders are developed
- 5 Roadmaps agreed with more than 850 community and local government representatives: Catatumbo, Putumayo, Sur de Bolivar, Sur de Cordoba and Montes de Maria.
- 80 active participation spaces to agree on the remaining Roadmaps.
- 16 PDET Plans were signed, of which 14 were signed after August 7, 2018, with the participation of more than 220,000 attendees, who prioritized and organized 32,808 initiatives, 1,178 subregional and 31,630 municipal.
- **Agreements and Ordinances** - The 170 PDET municipal agreements and 18 PDET departmental ordinances were signed, adopting PDET as a long-term public policy, [with the Huila ordinance still pending](#).
- In 2019, 70 agreements were signed and executed between PDET Municipalities and the Superintendence of Notaries and Registry (SNR) for the formalization of urban properties. As of December 2020, there are 45 agreements in force between PDET territories and the Superintendence of Notaries and Registry for the formalization of urban properties in 84 Municipalities, 36 of these agreements were signed in 2020. In March 2021, three agreements were signed with the municipalities of Teorama, Ataco and Buenaventura for a period of four years.
- The ART created a collaborative inter-institutional space to address the issue of land tenure and land use conflicts, with the participation of the National Land Agency, the Ministry of the Interior, the Ministry of Justice, the Attorney General's Office and the Land Renewal Agency. To date, 35 sessions of the roundtable have been held, in the framework of which progress has been made in the construction of conflict selection criteria and an umbrella methodological route to address them.

4.2 PDET Works

The PDET-ART Works strategy seeks to build trust and strengthen the capacities of community organizations through the structuring and execution of small-scale works. This strategy, in addition to ART resources, articulates resources from other sources such as the Colombia in Peace Fund, International



Cooperation, among others. In this context, 170 municipalities have benefited from the implementation of PDET- ART works.²⁷

A total of 1,766 projects have been approved in 159 PDET municipalities in the 16 Subregions with an investment of \$345,235 million. Of this total:

- In 2018, 218 projects were approved for \$28,511 million
- During 2019, 407 projects were approved for \$63,731 million
- The 2020 fiscal year closed with 541 approvals for \$107,860 million, which implies a growth of close to 70% in the resources approved with respect to the immediately preceding year.
- So far in the first half of 2021, 600 projects have been approved with an investment of \$145,133 million.

Of the 1,766 projects approved, 60% have already been completed and/or delivered, 16% are under execution, 15% are being structured, 8% are structured and 0.1% are being verified.

Table 1. General status of projects approved in PDET Works

Status	Projects	Total
In Execution	294	\$ 62.951
Delivered	879	\$ 142.509
Completed	225	\$ 45.312
Under Verification	2	\$ 377
In Structuring	236	\$ 57.989
Structured	130	\$ 36.096
Total	1.766	\$ 345.235

Source. Prepared by ART, cut-off July 31, 2021

However, 94% of the works are focused on road infrastructure projects (40%) and community social projects (54%), while 4% are for public service infrastructure and the remaining 4% are for projects that include different combinations of productive, road and community infrastructure.

Table 2. Number of projects approved in PDET works by sector

SECTOR	PROJECTS	TOTAL (Millon)
Social and Community Infrastructure	962	\$ 178.081
Road Infrastructure	714	\$ 153.845
Public Services Infrastructure	66	\$ 7.815
Productive Infrastructure	20	\$ 4.404
Road and Productive Infrastructure	4	\$ 1.090

²⁷ The main objective of PDET works is to implement activities to strengthen community organizations in order to develop community infrastructure project initiatives, which allow a rapid response to the needs prioritized by the communities.



Total	1.766	\$ 345.235
--------------	-------	------------

Source. Prepared by ART, cut-off July 31, 2021

4.3 Investment

To date, during the current administration, investment in the PDET municipalities, through mobilizing sources, has been identified at \$9.32 billion.

Eighty-one percent of the resources have been approved through two mechanisms: OCAD Paz and PGN Peace tracer. On the one hand, through OCAD Paz, 432 projects have been approved in PDET municipalities, with an investment of close to \$4.7 billion, where investments in the transportation and mining and energy sectors stand out. On the other hand, 99 projects have been marked through the Peace Tracer - PGN, for a value of \$2.88 billion, where the sectors of social inclusion, reconciliation and education stand out.

The remaining 20% of the resources directed to the PDET municipalities are distributed among projects of the Territorial Renewal Agency and the Colombia in Peace Fund, the Works for Taxes mechanism and international cooperation. The first, composed of the PDET - ART Works, the ART Productive Projects, among other projects with an investment of \$726 billion. In turn, through the Works for Taxes mechanism, 58 companies have been involved in 76 projects for \$607 billion, and through International Cooperation, 13 projects have been approved for \$391 billion

4.3.1 OCAD Paz

During this administration, OCAD Paz²⁸ has approved 432 projects in PDET and PDET-Non PDET municipalities with an investment of \$4.7 billion distributed in 160 PDET municipalities:

Table 3. Number of projects approved in OCAD Paz by period of validity

Period	Projects	TOTAL (Million)
2018	32	\$ 149.096
2019	88	\$ 742.415
2020	105	\$ 887.734
2021	207	\$ 2.925.372

Source: Prepared by ART- OCAD Technical Secretariat, cut-off August 31, 2021

During 2021, 207 projects have been approved for \$2.92 billion, of which 64 projects were approved through two sessions held in July, for \$884,296 million. Of the 432 projects approved, 50% have not been contracted, 44% are under execution and 7% are completed.

²⁸ Collegiate Administrative and Decision Making Body created by Legislative Act No. 04 of 2017, with the purpose of approving investment projects related to the implementation in charged to four investment sources: 1) Peace Allocation; 2) Production Incentive; 3) FONPET; 4) Peace Allocation - Transportation Infrastructure..



In general, the 432 projects are distributed among 13 sectors, of which 4 out of 5 are in the Transportation, Mines and Energy, and Water and Basic Sanitation sectors, accounting for 88% of the investment of approved resources.

However, of the 64 projects approved during the month of July 2021:

- 25 are directed to the transportation sector for \$429,869 million
- 8 for agriculture and rural development, for \$160,404 million
- 9 to housing, city and territory for \$144,454 million
- 11 to mines and energy for \$74,552 million.

Finally, in July 2021, the following were approved:

- 2 projects aimed at Water Supply and basic Sanitation
- 2 for education
- 2 for information and communication technologies
- 1 for health and social protection
- 2 for rural and urban housing
- 2 for statistical information

4.3.2 Works for Taxes:

Through this mechanism, between 2018 and 2021, 92 companies were linked to develop 139 projects with an investment of \$939.837 million, both in PDET and ZOMAC municipalities. Regarding this total, 76 projects have been approved in PDET and PDET-ZOMAC municipalities with an investment of \$607.456 in 101 PDET municipalities, of which:

- In 2018, 14 projects were approved for \$161,350 million
- During 2019, 25 projects were approved for \$186,358 million
- In 2020, 20 projects were approved for \$145,091 million.
- So far in the first half of 2021, 18 projects have been approved with an investment of \$120,453 million.

Of the 76 projects approved, 28% are under preparation, 33% are under execution and 39% were delivered to the competent national entity. During the month of August, 1 project under preparation began execution for \$9,990 million and 8 projects were completed for \$33,664 million

The 76 projects are distributed among 7 sectors, 4 out of 5 of which are directed towards the Education, Transportation Infrastructure and Water and Basic Sanitation sectors, accounting for 84% of the investment of approved resources.

4.3.3 Peacebuilding Tracer

Between 2019 and 2021, 34 entities of the national order corresponding to 17 sectors have been able to identify the budget items destined to the attention of the Final Agreement, with a special emphasis on the



implementation of the PDETs, as of July 31, 2021, the entities of the national order have committed resources for 2.88 trillion pesos.

Table 4. Investment resources committed in the PGN

Sector	Commitments (million)	Participation
Social Inclusion and Reconciliation	\$735.915	26%
Labor	\$569.863	20%
Education	\$328.146	12%
Mines and Energy	\$282.656	10%
Agriculture and Rural Development	\$267.598	9%
Housing, City and Territory	\$209.167	7%
Health and Social Protection	\$183.642	6%
Transportation	\$118.294	4%
Sports and Recreation	\$67.055	2%
Presidency of the Republic	\$53.749	2%
Information and Communications Technologies	\$45.428	2%
Culture	\$11.830	0%
Commerce, Industry and Tourism	\$11.054	0%
Public Employment	\$2.277	0%
Planning	\$674	0%
Environment and Sustainable Development	\$364	0%
Justice and Law	\$-	-
Total	\$2.827.199	100%

Source: SPI, DNP. Cut-off: July 31, 2021

As can be seen, the Social Inclusion, Labor, Education, Mines and Energy and Agriculture and Rural Development, Housing and Health and Social Protection sectors account for 91% of the total resources executed by these entities in the PDET municipalities

5. Voluntary Substitution of Illegal Crops

5.1 Program progress

- The program was received in disarray, with no planning and underfunded. An implementation diagnosis was carried out and an Action Plan was prepared for the 88 intervention nuclei in the 56 municipalities.
- Between August 2018 and August 2021, the National Government has invested \$1.06 billion (USD \$280.7 M) in the Integrated Program for Illegal Crops Substitution (IPICS) through the Colombia in Peace Fund.



- A total of 99,097 families whose family economy has depended on or been affected by illegal crops were linked to the **voluntary substitution program for illegal crops**. Of these beneficiaries, **35,824** women are members of their families.
- During the Government's term of office, 21,437 families entered the intervention route, which were already registered among the 99,097 families but had not received attention.
- During the Government's term of office, **18,151** hectares of illegal crops have been reduced through **voluntary and assisted eradication**, with an investment of \$29,058 million (USD \$7.6M). The accumulated number of hectares eradicated during the Program's term is **44.369**.
- **With an investment of \$874,116 million (USD \$230 million), 76.086** families in 14 departments and 56 municipalities have received **Immediate Food Assistance** payments.
- With an investment of \$147,160 million (USD \$38 million), 65,830 families have received goods and inputs for the implementation of **Home Vegetable Garden** projects as part of the **Self-Sustainability and Food Security** component.
- **With an investment of \$102,963 million (USD \$27M), 71.706** families have received **Comprehensive Technical Assistance** services in 56 municipalities and 14 departments.
- Resources amounting to \$167,235 million (US\$44M) have been committed, thanks to which 7,048 families have **Productive Projects**.
- **With an investment of \$86.283 million (USD \$22.7M),** former coca leaf growers have signed service contracts with local organizations to carry out activities of community interest,

5.2 Security of leaders supporting the Integrated Program for Illegal Crops Substitution – IPICS

- The "Plan for the Articulation of Security Actions for PNIS leaders and substitution models" is being implemented. In addition, the PNIS implementation progress figures were updated, as well as the progress in the implementation of the 16 actions of the Plan's implementation matrix.
- The methodological transfer was carried out by the USAID-Chemonics Human Rights Program to the territorial coordinating offices of the DSCI, for the implementation of self-protection workshops in the territories of the Program and certificates of participation of this methodological transfer were issued. **It was also defined the realization of four territorial workshops on social capacities for self-protection, between March and August 2021, one in Mesetas, Meta (20 leaders); one in Caquetá (20 leaders); another in Cauca (20 leaders) and a last one in Córdoba (11 leaders). These exercises included the participation of the UNP, the Personería, the Ombudsman's Office and the National Police, who made presentations for the articulation and activation of security routes.**
- The Protocol for attention to cases of leadership and beneficiaries of the Program that require immediate attention was updated in coordination with the Attorney General's Office (FGN), the National Protection Unit (UNP), the National Police (Human Rights Directorate) and the Directorate for the Substitution of Illegal Crops (DSCI). As of **July 31, 2021**, this Protocol has been activated **14 times**²⁹

²⁹ Previously, it was reported that the protocol had been activated 16 times because threats to DSCI contractors were taken into account. However, the protocols for dealing with cases of threats to leadership are exclusive to the PNIS population



- On a monthly basis, all early warnings issued by the Ombudsman's Office are followed up and analyzed, with emphasis on the recommendations for the PNIS population and in substitution processes. Likewise, all the official letters and documents sent by the Intersectoral Commission for Rapid Response to Early Warnings (CIPRAT) are reviewed for this specific population. As of **July 31, 2021**, **212** Early Warnings have been analyzed for the years 2018, 2019, 2020 and 2021, of which, **29%** refer to situations related to PNIS population and in substitution processes. These reports and monitoring matrix constitute an internal analytical input of the Council.
- The Plan also includes 3 affirmative actions on gender issues. In this sense, the protocol for mainstreaming the women's approach in substitution models is consolidated, which responds to the Implementation Framework Plan (PMI) and where, on the part of the Council, the chapters on gender-based violence and women and security are contributed. The latter contextualizes the actions developed in the Guide for Coordinators and the Immediate Response Protocol.

6. Integral Rural Development

6.1 Productive Factors

In terms of productive factors, policies have been designed to strengthen the land fund, guarantee access to and formalization of land, together with the provision of infrastructure for the improvement of rural property, and the modernization of the cadastral system.

6.1.1 Land Access

Land Fund.

- During the current administration, **1,164,355** hectares have entered the National Land Fund, equivalent to **10,977** properties, for a total of **1,391,186** hectares, which corresponds to a contribution of **84%** of the total number of hectares entered into the Fund.
- Since the creation of the fund, a total of **741,019** hectares have been disposed of in **139** PDET municipalities. Likewise, during this government, a total of **232,603** hectares have been delivered through the Land Fund for the benefit of **9,583** families.

Land Formalization.

- Within the framework of the commitment to formalize seven million hectares, the current government has made progress in the regularization of more than **730,000 hectares**, of which **669,057** hectares are registered in Sinergia. This was achieved through the issuance of more than **31,900 titles**, of which **26,186 titles** are registered in Sinergia, benefiting **37,611** families. During this administration, a total of **235,093** hectares have been regularized in **117** PDET municipalities, benefiting **13,254** families
- **173,513** hectares of **land formalized and adjudicated to the peasant population**, benefiting **26,529** families, through the delivery and registration of **26,103** titles in 29 departments.



- Of these, 74,410 formalized and adjudicated hectares have benefited 14,826 rural women.
- In the current government, for every two families benefited, one family is headed by a rural woman, which is above the historical number of titles granted by the ANT in which, for every five families, two were headed by rural women.
- 495,544 hectares of land formalized for ethnic communities, through the issuance and registration of 83 titles, benefiting 11,082 families in 19 departments. According to the census of ethnic communities, 19,329 ethnic women have benefited, representing 50% of the total number of people benefited, equivalent to 39,062 people.
- **Land Subsidies** have been awarded to 627 families, for a value of \$36,329 million (USD 9.56M). Of the total number of formalized subsidies, 367 beneficiaries have been rural women, representing 51% of the total.

6.1.2 Integral Plans for Agricultural and Rural Development - PIDARET –

- The Rural Development Agency (ADR) has structured 11 Integral Plans for Agricultural and Rural Development with a Territorial Approach (PIDARET) with an investment of \$5.35 billion (USD \$1.4 million). Eight of these plans are located in departments with PDET subregions. The departments of Nariño, Cesar, Caldas, Tolima, Antioquia, Huila and Magdalena have adopted the PIDARET by Departmental Ordinance.

6.1.3 Integral projects for agricultural and rural development with a territorial approach – PIDAR–

- During the government of President Iván Duque, 65 PIDARs have been co-financed for a value of 91,142.1 million (USD \$23,984,754), which have benefited 7,426 producers and intervened 22,964 hectares. Twenty-two of these PIDARs are located in nine of the 16 PDET subregions, which have received co-financing of \$23,872,953,185 (US\$ 6,282,356), benefiting 1,839 producers and intervening 1,554 hectares.

6.1.4 Land suitability

- The Rural Development Agency has invested \$52,992 million (USD 15,633,603) in studies and designs, rehabilitation and administration, operation and maintenance of land improvement projects on 52,392 hectares, benefiting 6,284 producers.

6.1.5 Land restitution

- Through productive projects for restitution, 1,946 families have been assisted, with a total of resources invested in excess of \$64,300 million (USD 16.93M)
- 735 families are represented by women and have a total investment of more than \$24.164 million (USD 6.3M).

6.1.6 Multipurpose Cadaster

- The World Bank and the Inter-American Development Bank (IDB) granted the country a credit of USD 150 million for **Multipurpose Cadaster**³⁰, through which the intervention of the 79 municipalities, 38

³⁰ Art. 80 of Law 1955 of 2019 (PND 2018-2022) incorporated the ANT as a cadastral manager, which will allow it to prepare the physical and legal components of the multipurpose cadaster. The updating of the cadaster will be a fundamental input to feed the Land Fund and, in this way, provide landless or insufficient land to land management subjects. As part of the implementation of the cadaster strategy, a Single Property Form was developed, which will include all the physical variables required by the ANT for the development of property formalization activities. This has a high impact in terms of costs, not only because the property survey is one of the most expensive components, but also because it will allow the ANT to carry out



of these PDET, will be carried out; and the goal is to obtain 65,000 property titles, of which 26,000 will be in the hands of rural women.

- President Iván Duque is committed to ensuring that, by the end of the four-year term, 650 municipalities, including all PDET municipalities, will have the Cadaster, allowing the municipality to collect the land tax as a new source of resources.
- With additional support from the Government of the United Kingdom in addition to the Cadaster credits, the Ministry of the Environment is working with the Ministry of the Environment to finance USD 53 million for the cadaster in protected environmental areas in 23 PDET municipalities and one municipality for biocarbon cooperation, for a total of 24.
- Planned as the pilot of the multipurpose cadaster, in Ovejas (Sucre) the National Land Agency (ANT) delivered the largest title deeds in the history of the country, as part of the implementation of the Social Property Management Plans: 1,058 titles for the adjudication of 753 vacant lots and 295 formalizations of private properties. With USAID support, the same process was initiated for nine PDET municipalities.
- The Multipurpose Cadaster Conpes was adopted.

As of December 2020, the new cadastral model has allowed:

- There are 23 cadastral managers in the market breaking with IGAC's monopoly.
- As of December 2020, the country has 18.16 million hectares updated, of which 6.9 million hectares were updated exclusively by the IGAC; this progress implies a revolutionary change in the country's cadastral management, given that in the last 10 years the IGAC had only updated an annual average of 3.8 million hectares.
- The change from public function to public service implied that by 2020 the country will have updated 15.92% of the national territory, which represents 27% of the four-year goal.
- By the year 2021 the goal is to update 35.1% of the national territory, for which 40 million hectares will be updated, of which 27.11 million hectares are already funded, representing 24% of the national territory.
- The goal of the National Development Plan implies the updating of 60% of the national territory with a multipurpose cadaster.

6.1.7 Credits and Crop Insurance

- 101,435.75 hectares insured with subsidized crop insurance at the national level, 16,995.08 of which correspond to Small Producers. Of these, 31,378 are in PDET municipalities, 3,414 of which correspond to small producers in these municipalities.

massive formalization processes outside the target areas, based on the official information gathered by the other cadastral managers.

The implementation of the cadaster strategy has been accompanied, in parallel, by an exercise to simplify variables and processes (from 150 to 19) in property regularization, with a direct impact on the time, costs and efficiency of ANT's processes. In the same way, and as a consequence, the time required to formulate social property management plans has been reduced by 70%.

In order to align the ANT's operating procedures, Resolutions 7622 and 12096 of 2019 have been issued, both modifying Resolution 740 of 2017, in order to facilitate and expedite the entity's interventions. Likewise, the MADR has been working with its affiliated and related entities to adjust the property sweeping methodology for mass formalization purposes.



- A total of \$36,516 million (USD 9.6 million) has been allocated for the Agricultural Insurance Premium Incentive, insuring agricultural investments for \$882,460 million (USD 232.2 M), and specifically, \$15,542 million (USD 4.1 M) has been allocated for the Agricultural Insurance Premium Incentive for Small Farmers, insuring crops for \$91,060 million (USD 24 M).
- 302,599 individuals who have had access to soft credit - credit under FINAGRO conditions, with a total credit value of \$1.16 billion (USD 305.3 M)
- 204 individuals who have had access to the Special Lines of Credit for land purchase with a total credit value of \$11,227.7 million (USD 3M) and a subsidy of \$2,210.4 million (USD 581,679.6).

6.2 Infrastructure

In infrastructure, together with the different national and local entities, we have prioritized interventions in the areas of roads, electrification, connectivity, water and basic sanitation for the country's rural population.

6.2.1 Potable Water and Basic Sanitation

- In rural areas, 265,531 new people benefited from appropriate technological solutions for access to water.
- In rural areas, 225,219 new people benefited from technological solutions for sanitation.

6.2.2 Rural Electrification

- The Ministry of Mines and Energy has provided electricity service to 59,166 new users in 25 departments and 199 municipalities of which 76 are PDET; 19,881 beneficiaries were energized in 2019, and 7,844 in 2018³¹.
- A total of 20,004 new users have been benefited, in the Non-Interconnected Zones of the country, for the period from August 2018 to August 2021; of the total number of users 13,093 (65%) new users have been benefited in PDET municipalities

6.2.3 Rural Connectivity

- 98.8% of the 1,122 municipal capitals in the country have internet access, 1,108 are connected to high speed internet.

6.2.4 Road Infrastructure

- 1,400 km of 4G roads to be rehabilitated in the National Development Plan 2018-2022
- The national government has improved and maintained 4,842 km prioritized, which completes a 29.6% progress of the four-year goal of 16,355 km.

6.2.5 Land Adequacy

- The National Irrigation Plan will increase the area with irrigation coverage in the country from 6% to 10% with an investment of more than \$22 billion over 20 years; during this four-year period, it is expected to invest \$2.87 billion, which will benefit 60,269 hectares with regional impacts on production and employment.

³¹ Figures as of March 31, 2021



6.3 Social Factors

In terms of social factors, priority has been given to interventions in housing, health, education, food and nutritional security, as well as the involvement of the rural population in programs such as the Colombia Mayor program, youth in action, and families in action, among others.

6.3.1 Rural Housing

- 12,331 housing solutions have been granted, 6,805 improvements, 5,526 new homes.
- Delivery of housing subsidies for a value of \$406,114 million: \$123,544 million for improvement of existing housing and \$282,570 million for construction of new housing.

6.3.2 Food Security

- In 2021, the goal was to reach 75.8% of territories that have their Departmental Food and Nutritional Security Plans (PDSAN) prepared and/or updated.
- 100% of certified rural educational centers contracted and attended to the School Feeding Program in a timely manner for the start of the school calendar.

6.3.3 Health

- 37,287 million in transfers made by the Ministry of Health and Social Protection for the co-financing of 52 projects for the acquisition of ambulances, hospital improvements and equipment that will benefit hospitals in 35 prioritized municipalities.

6.3.4 Education

- 100% exemption from payment of academic fees and complementary services was guaranteed to students in 7,004 official educational establishments in rural areas of the country with an official rural enrollment of 2,026,433 students.
- 22,073 educational centers located in rural areas benefited from the free provision of pedagogical material. A total of 4,159,516 textbooks were delivered to these rural schools.
- Between 2018 and 2020, 29,370 illiterate adults in the rural sector have been served in the Special Integrated Learning Cycle (CLEI) 1 - SIMAT, of these, 21,268 people were served through MEN investment resources.
- In relation to the report on enrollment of beneficiaries enrollment of illiterate, vulnerable and victims of the armed conflict young adults and older adults loaded in the Integrated Enrollment System - SIMAT attended through the execution of actions led by the Ministry of National Education and the Territorial Entities Certified in Education in an autonomous manner, 21,109 beneficiaries were identified, of which 10,266 are located in the rural sector.

6.3.5 Social Prosperity

- The delivery of incentives for the third payment of the regular cycle of Families in Action began, which benefited 2,116,963 families, for an accumulated total of 2,172,343 families in 2021, for an investment of \$ 777,876.73 million corresponding to health and education incentives, including families in rural areas. This program mobilizes the dimensions of IPM in Childhood and Adolescence, and Health in beneficiary households.
- As of August 31, 2021, 190,427 young people have pre-registered in response to the calls made by the Entity through the channels enabled by Social Prosperity. Of the total number of pre-registered young people, 96,524 belong to training in SENA and 93,903 to training in Higher Education Institutions in agreement with Social Prosperity.



- In 2021 and as of August 31, 72,159 new enrollments have been granted, in this sense, during the Government of President Duque, 470,023 new young people have been enrolled, advancing towards the goal of 500,000 new enrollments. This program includes students from rural areas. This program mobilizes the IPM dimensions of Education and Work in the beneficiary participants.
- The Colombia Mayor program currently has 1,722,334 quotas assigned throughout the country, of which after the settlement process for the month of August, 1,690,000 older adults are scheduled to receive the transfer with a total value of more than 147 billion pesos. The program covers rural areas
- The VAT Offset program did not start operating cycles during the month of August 2021. The third cycle ended on August 4, 2021. The program covers rural areas.
- The rural monetary poverty data for 2020 was published on September 2, 2021 by DANE. From these official data it is possible to identify that, multidimensional poverty in populated centers and dispersed rural area (rural MPI) was in 2020 of 37.1%, presenting an increase of 2.6 percentage points with respect to 2019. Thus, in 2020 the number of poor people in rural areas increased by 324 thousand people, a higher proportion than that experienced by the urban area.

6.4 Environment³²

Regarding environmental issues, we have worked on the strategic, operational, and technical components of the environmental zoning plan to update the map of areas of special environmental interest with the participation of the communities in order to close the agricultural frontier. In addition, we have sought to strengthen the program of payments for environmental services, the green business program, and the Natural Conservation strategy.

6.4.1 Environmental zoning

- Between 2018 and 2019, the indicative environmental zoning of the 16 subregions and 170 municipalities of PDET was obtained. During 2020, the updating and adjustment of the environmental zoning plan in its strategic, operational and technical components was advanced.
- In 2020, progress was made with the process of technical closure of the Environmental Zoning Plan: Agreement with the Agriculture and Rural Development sector and the Land Renewal Agency. The strategic, operational and technical components of the plan were agreed with the entities of the Agriculture and Rural Development sector and with the ART.
- During 2021, after the socialization of the PZA with the 20 Corporations that have jurisdiction in the 16 PDET subregions and the agreement of the costing of its Action Plan, the Technical Bases of the plan were updated taking into account all the considerations received, which allowed editing the VI version of the PZA

6.4.2 National Conservation Contracts

- The Agency for the Renewal of the Territory, through the Crop Substitution Directorate, will deliver Natural Conservation Contracts to 4,103 PNIS families that have already voluntarily eradicated illegal crops, granting them the right to use the land for sustainable projects.

³² Data as of July 31, 2021



- In addition, progress was made in the formalization of 111 conservation agreements within the framework of Natural Conservation Contracts with the aim of impacting 331 hectares under conservation in the municipality of Tierralta, Córdoba.

6.4.3 Generation of Green Businesses

- 257 green businesses verified by the Green Business Generation Program. Of these, 106 (42%) are located in the jurisdiction of PDET zones, which report 7,753 people and 8,926 families benefited as partners and employees.
- By 2021, the goal is to verify 370 green businesses, which are located in 27 Environmental Authorities, with a presence in 153 municipalities or PDET zones. - To date, 193 verification visits have been made, equivalent to 52% of the businesses established in the goal

6.4.4 Payments for Environmental Services

- For the case of Payments for Environmental Services-PES, according to the analysis of the information consolidated by ONVS, 41,311 hectares and 562 families identified with signed PES agreements located in 13 PDET municipalities with AEIA were accounted for, this according to the report submitted by the environmental authorities, as established in Article 2.2.9.8.3.3 of Decree 1070 of 2018 as of December 2020 cut-off and reported in 2021.

7. Transversals

7.1 Gender

- The Government's High Instance for Gender was set up.
- Peace and gender budget markers were established in the NDP Law to guarantee investment.
- The Coordination of Women's and Gender Affairs, Victims and Ethnic Groups was created within the Presidential Council for Stabilization and Consolidation.
- Since 2019, the CNR's Gender Technical Roundtable has been in operation with the participation of the ARN, the Stabilization Advisor's Office and the FARC component.
- Of the 51 commitments on women and gender, 9 **have been fulfilled**, of which 5 were fulfilled in this administration. The remaining 42 have all made progress in their implementation and work plans for 2021 and projection for 2022.
- 65 thousand women together with ART identified 4606 initiatives with a gender and rural women's label. Of these, 1179 initiatives have management or project implementation.
- 25,025 rural women have benefited from the adjudication and formalization of 364,257 hectares, which corresponds to 44% of the total number of beneficiaries.
- 826 women have benefited from the delivery of 1,472 hectares through the Land Fund as reported by ANT as of March 2021.
- 494 rural women have benefited from the awarding of Land Subsidies, which corresponds to 51% of the total number of beneficiaries. Of those 264 were granted in this administration.



- During 2019, the Special Credit Line for women for the purchase of land and the soft line were created.
- 687 thousand women have accessed credit lines with Finagro financing for, [among other things](#), planting and sustaining crops, and the purchase of machinery.

7.2 Ethnic approach

- The IEANPE was reactivated by guaranteeing its operation with US\$490,000 granted by the MPTF thanks to CPEC's efforts.
- Of the 97 [commitments of the Ethnic Chapter](#), 12 [have been](#) finalized, of which 7 were fulfilled during this administration. The remaining 85 have all made progress and have work plans for 2021 and a projection for 2022.
- The National Planning Council incorporated within its regulations the inclusion of representatives of the Rom population as permanent guests.
- The National Commission of Indigenous Women was created through the issuance of Decrees 1097 and 1158 of 2020.
- The UNP has provided individual protection measures and shared schemes to 1530 persons belonging to ethnic peoples.
- 55 Ethnic Subjects of Collective Reparation have a protocolized Comprehensive Plan for Collective Reparation (PIRC).
- Of the 2,170 people in the process of reincorporation who are self-recognized as members of ethnic communities, 1,095 are linked to 417 productive projects. Ninety-nine percent of these people are affiliated to the health system and are banked.
- 3,957 hectares of illegal crops have been voluntarily eradicated in ethnic territories.
- Decree 1824 of 2020 was issued, regulating the clarification of titles of colonial and/or republican origin.
- 355 families of indigenous peoples have benefited from the constitution of 29 resguardos (reserves), for an area of 52,628.00 hectares. This is thanks to the legal guarantees for ethnic peoples provided by the National Land Agency.
- 3,391 families of indigenous peoples have benefited from the expansion of 12 resguardos (reserves), for an area of 172,920.00 [hectares. This is thanks to the legal guarantees for ethnic peoples provided by the National Land Agency.](#)
- 972 families from the Black, Afro-Colombian, Raizal and Palenquero communities have benefited from the collective titling of 11 community councils for 1,729 [hectares. This is thanks to the legal guarantees for ethnic peoples provided by the National Land Agency.](#)
- Of the 32,808 PDET initiatives, 1,831 own ethnic initiatives and 2,950 common ethnic initiatives are incorporated in work plans 2020 - 2021.
- The Special Consultation Mechanism is in operation in 12 PDET subregions: Sierra Nevada, Bajo Cauca, Chocó, Pacifico Nariñense, Montes de María, Sur de Córdoba, Arauca, Putumayo, Catatumbo, Sur del Tolima, Urabá Antioqueño and Alto Patía.

7.3 Humanitarian demining



- The Comprehensive Action against Antipersonnel Mines was incorporated within the PND 2018-2022 "Pact for Colombia, Pact for Equity" in its Chapter XI, as a tool to achieve stabilization in the territories.
- With Decree 1784 of 2019, the topic of Comprehensive Action against Antipersonnel Mines (AICMA) was incorporated into the mission of the OACP.
- AICMA's Strategic Action Plan has 3 pillars with annual intervention and execution plans.
- The goal for the four-year period is the release and delivery of 180 municipalities free of suspected mines. There is also a prevention actions goal of 9,000 interventions. Among the main achievements in this area, the following are highlighted:
- The release of 172 municipalities.
- The realization of 20,973 prevention activities in the territories of high affectation and appropriation in 6 native languages.