



Peace with
Legality belongs
to everyone

Presidential Council for
Stabilization and Consolidation



Peace with Legality Short Management Report

August 2018 – March 2021
31 months

portalparalapaz.gov.co
presidencia.gov.co





Table of Contents

- 1. Policy**
- 2. Progress in the public policy of Victims**
 - 2.1 Individual Reparation
 - 2.2 Collective Reparation
 - 2.3 Returns and Relocations
 - 2.4 Progress in the Restitution of Lands in the Countryside Route (Ruta Campesina) (Law 1448, 2011)
 - 2.5 Progress in the Restitution of Land in the Ethnic Route - Decrees Law 4633 and 4635 of 2011
- 3. Reincorporation**
 - 3.1 Former Territorial Areas for Training and Reincorporation - TATRs
 - 3.2 Economic Reincorporation
 - 3.3 Social Reincorporation
- 4. Protection of those in the process of Reincorporation and leaders of the Integrated Program for Illegal Crops Substitution (IPICS)**
 - 4.1 Former Combatants Security
 - 4.2 Security of leaders who support the Integrated Program for Illegal Crops Substitution (IPICS)
- 5. Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET Planning**
 - 5.1 Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET and Roadmap
 - 5.2 Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET Works
 - 5.3 Investment
- 6. Comprehensive Rural Development**
 - 6.1 Multipurpose Cadaster
 - 6.2 Formalization and Land Fund
 - 6.3 Comprehensive Agricultural and Rural Development Projects - PIDARET (acronym in Spanish)
 - 6.4 Comprehensive Agricultural and Rural Development Projects with a Territorial Approach - PIDAR (acronym in Spanish)
 - 6.5 Land adaptation
 - 6.6 Productive projects - Land Restitution
- 7. Voluntary Substitution of Illegal Crops**
- 8. Budgetary Tracer**



1. Policy "Peace with Legality" (Paz con Legalidad)

Presented to the Country in December 2018 to make public the Government's commitment during these **four** years.

2. Progress in the public policy of Victims

The Single Register of Victims has recognized **9,113,500** people who have individually been affected by some victimizing event. From this number of victims, approximately 2,428,990 are located in 170 Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET municipalities prioritized for intervention; this means that almost a third of all victims registered in Colombia reside in these targeted municipalities.

From a total universe of **768** Subjects of Collective Reparations included in the Single Register of Victims, 399 Subjects are located in the Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET municipalities, which means that **52%** of the Subjects in the Program of Collective Reparation are in the 170 prioritized municipalities. Faced with the plans of Returns and Relocations, there are 105 approved plans in Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET municipalities.

- **Prevention and attention to emergencies.** With Humanitarian Aid given in kind, **60,933** households have been supported, with an investment of **15,280 million pesos (USD 4.02M)**. With immediate Humanitarian Aid, **49,798** households have been supported, with an investment of **46,859 million pesos (USD 12.33M)**.
- **Humanitarian assistance and attention.** At the national level, **1,979,702** Humanitarian assistance have been delivered to households' victims of forced displacement included in the Single Registry of Victims (RUV), with an investment of nearly **1.25 billion pesos (USD 330.4 M)**, with which have been treated around **917,000** victims' homes.
- **Individual Reparation.** **244,445** individual compensations (administrative and judicial) have been granted with an investment of more than **2.04 billion pesos (USD 537 M)**, and **169,958** individual victims were beneficiaries of the Accompaniment Program in the Investment of administrative compensation through different strategies with a differential approach.
- **91,012** victims agreed to the measure of **psychosocial rehabilitation** offered by the Victims Unit, with an investment of more than **13,545 million pesos (USD 3.5 M)**.
- **241,024** victims accessed the **satisfaction measures** (letter of dignity, accompaniment to worthy deliveries of bodies of disappeared people, among other actions).
- **Collective Reparation.** **30** Subjects¹ of Collective Reparation completed their Comprehensive Collective Repair process regarding the measures in charge of the Unit, with an investment near **22,061 million pesos (USD 5.8M)**.
- **352** Collective Subjects agreed to the measure of **community rehabilitation**, **132** of them are ethnic, and the closing of the measure was achieved on **75** of these Subjects, with an investment near **10,189 million pesos (USD 2.68 M)**.

¹ 25 of these Subjects of Collective Repair (CRS), have compliance with 100% implementation of the Comprehensive Collective Repair Plan (PIRC) and 5 subjects with the implementation of the total competitive actions of the Unit for Victims and the competition actions of other entities.



- **1.079 reparative actions** were implemented in compliance with the Comprehensive Collective Reparation Plans (PIRCs) with an investment near to 115,579 million pesos (USD 30.4 M). Of these, **429** reparative actions were performed on 69 Subjects of Collective Reparation located in Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET municipalities.
- **36 Ethnic Collective Subjects** were compensated in the framework of the Collective Reparation Process, with an investment near to 9,263 million pesos (USD 2.4M).
- **131 Subjects of Collective Reparation** were strengthened through donations, Collective goods supply through support to productive projects, and social and community infrastructure projects with an investment near to 44,853 million pesos (USD 11.8M).
- 89 Subjects of Collective Reparation (SRC acronym in Spanish) already have more than the 50% of their Plan implemented.
- **Returns and Relocations:** 387 Return or Relocation Plans are approved, with an investment near to 4,395 million pesos (USD 1.15M). Of these, 67 Plans are in Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET municipalities, with an investment of approximately 935 million pesos (USD 245,985).
- **4,999** households accessed the component for the transportation and transfer of their belongings in their process of Return or Relocation with an investment of near **6,241 million pesos (USD 1,642 M)**.
- 7,302 households received special schemes of family support, each for an average value of 5,120,799 pesos (USD 1,348), at 140 municipalities distributed in 32 departments, for a total investment of 37,392 million pesos (USD 9.8 M).
- A total of 690 communities received special schemes of community support for a value near to 27,400 million pesos (USD 7.24M).
- **1,314 victims from abroad** were accompanied in their process or Relocations, of which **705** have been women.

Progress in the Restitution of Lands in the Countryside Route (Ruta Campesina) (Law 1448, 2011)

- **Administrative Stage.** The Registry of Land stripped and Forcefully abandoned (RTDAF) has received **129,211** applications for registration, of which **10,398** correspond to requests received during the Government of President Ivan Duque.
- **111,201** are enabled requests, and **89,634** cases have ended, of which **27,894** applications have been resolved in this Government.
 - **In the 170 Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET municipalities**, the RTDAF has received **65,158** applications for registration, of which **5,464** correspond to applications received during the Government of President Ivan Duque. **52,399** are enabled requests, **40,054** cases have ended, of which 13,669 requests have been resolved in this Government.
- **Judicial Stage.** Historically, there have been filed before the Judges and or Magistrates of the Specialized Chambers on Land Restitution **13,691** claims correspondent to **25,556** applications for registration.
 - **6,453** claims have been filed during the Government of President Ivan Duque, which correspond to **9,564** applications for registration.
 - Out of these claims, **3,231** recur on the 170 Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET municipalities, which correspond to **4,472** applications for registration.
- **Post-Failure (Posfallo) Stage (figures on individual, historical and current**



government route victims). Historically, **6,296 land restitution rulings** have been issued in **329 municipalities**, through which **11,991 applications** were resolved, benefiting **32,723 people**.

- During the Government of President Ivan Duque and in **302 municipalities**, **1,860 Land Restitution Rulings** were uttered, resolving **3,119 applications**, benefiting **9,146 people**.
- Historically, **5,016 restituted families** were served with **Productive Projects** in 22 departments. The main productive lines of these projects are livestock, coffee, cacao, pepper, sugar, and pig farming.
- In the Government of President Ivan Duque, **1,541 restituted families** have Productive Projects in 179 municipalities, 62% of which correspond to male representatives and **38%** to female representatives.
- **1,457 Projects** are in the implementation stage, and **56 projects** are completed. The main productive lines of these projects are livestock, coffee, pig farming, vegetables, and fruit trees.
- A total of **790 compensation orders** were completed for victims located in **146 municipalities**.
- In the Government of President Ivan Duque, a total of **492 compensation orders** were completed for victims located in 126 municipalities.
- A total of **241 compensation orders** to third parties were completed to third parties acting in good faith exempted for guilt in **62 municipalities**.
- During the administration of President Ivan Duque, a total of **163 compensation orders** were completed to third parties acting in good faith, exempted for guilt in 44 municipalities.
- Two hundred twenty-two orders recognized Second Occupants were attended in **75 municipalities**.
- In the Government of President Ivan Duque, **130 orders** that recognized Second Occupants in **57 municipalities** have been attended. The accomplished measures are separated as follows: leaving the Second Occupant on the Land, 31 Land purchases, **28 cash payments**, 13 measures of attention with Productive Projects, and two measures of attention from the National Land Agency (ANT) under the SIRA budget.
- Land Restitution compensation or legal and material restitution of more than 59,911 hectares (43,944 of the Individual Route and 15,967 of the Ethnic Route) have been ordered.

Progress in the Restitution of Land in the Ethnic Route - Decrees Law 4633 and 4635 of 2011

- **Progress in the Preventive Protection and Restitution of Territorial Rights of Ethnic Communities.** The Restitution of Ethnic Territorial Rights currently includes the management of 667 territories of Ethnic Communities, of which 76% (**506 territories**) correspond to territories in Communities and or Indigenous peoples and 24% (**161 territories**) to Black, Afro-Colombian, Raizales, and Palenqueras communities.
- Of the 667 Ethnic territories, 437 are located in 170 Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET municipalities; this corresponds to approximately **66%** of the Restitution of Territorial Rights management on behalf of Ethnic Communities in Colombia.
 - In **573** of these territories, Administrative and procedural efforts were made during the Government of President Ivan Duque.
- **190,409** Ethnic families are in the process of Land Restitution and or Preventive Protection on their Collective Territories, of which **103.613** have been processed in favor of 120,437



Ethnic families in the Government of President Ivan Duque.

- 3,759,849 hectares have been registered by the Land Restitution Unit in the Registry of Lands Stripped and Forcefully Abandoned (with a completed administrative procedure). 56% of these hectares belong to the Territories of Indigenous Communities and or people, and 44% belong to Black communities. 2,610,672 hectares registered are located in the 170 Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET municipalities. 2,631,875 hectares have been registered so far in the President Ivan Duque Government's term.
- **Administrative Stage of the Process of Restitution of Ethnic Territorial Rights.** 425 territories are in the preliminary study stage, and another 88 are in the drafting stage of the Characterization Report, and the Administrative Procedure has been completed in 79 territories.
- 513 territories are in the administrative Stage, and 479 of these cases have been administratively processed in the Government of President Ivan Duque.

Judicial Stage of the Process of Restitution of Ethnic Territorial Rights

- 126 claims for Ethnic Restitution have been filled before the Civil Judges Specialized on Land Restitution; with them, it is expected to protect the Rights of 54,333 Ethnic families over an area of 3,412,767 hectares. Ninety of those claims correspond to territories located in the 170 prioritized Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET municipalities, and 91 of those claims were issued during the Government of President Ivan Duque.

Post-failure (Posfallo) of the Process of Restitution of Ethnic Territorial Rights

- The Specialized Civil Judges has uttered 19 Rulings of Restitution of Ethnic Territorial Rights in Restitution of Land, who have ordered Protection over 226,023 to benefit 11.284 families belonging to Ethnic Communities.
 - Of the 19 Rulings of Restitution of Ethnic Territorial Rights, six were ruled in the Government of President Ivan Duque.

3. Reincorporation

In March 2021, according to the ARN Information System, 13,998 people, both accredited and disengaged, were identified as having been certified by the Office of the High Commissioner for Peace (OHCP). Of these people, 13,096 are in the process of Reincorporation (2,583 people located in the former TATRs, 9,616 people outside the former TATRs, and 905 who are in the framework of an active search process²).

Former Territorial Areas for Training and Reincorporation – TATRs

- President Ivan Duque has visited four of the former TATRs located in the municipalities of Fonseca, in La Guajira (Pondores), Manaure in Cesar (Tierragrata) and Icononzo in La Fila (Tolima), Miravalle, Caquetá and Llanogrande in Dabeiba (Antioquia).
- The Transitional Legal Figure of the TATRs ended on August 15, 2019. In this regard, the National Government has determined to move towards a permanent Figure within the framework of Territorial Order 16,000 million pesos (USD 4.2M) have been provided to purchase properties.
- As of August 1, 2018, the ARN assumed the administration of 24 TATRs and has allocated resources amounting to 67,306.684,148 pesos (USD 17.71M) to cover costs of personnel, leases, maintenance, and supplies, to guarantee the necessary conditions for the correct functioning of the Former TATRs and those derived from the Relocation and Transformation Processes of these Areas.

² Coordinated work with Territory to make initial contact and linkage in the process of Reincorporation of people who has been accredited by the OHCP.



- As of March 31, 2021, **six** Former TATRs were identified for Consolidation³, twelve with a Transfer⁴ agreed with the communities in the process of Reincorporation, and **six** in analysis and definition⁵.
- As of March 31, 2021, the premises for the Consolidation of the Former TATRs Colinas (Guaviare), La Fila (Icononzo), Llano grande (Dabeiba), El Estrecho (Patía), Mutatá (Mutatá) (two properties), **Charras (San José del Guaviare) and La Variante (San Andrés De Tumaco) (two properties) have been purchased.**
- Aiming to understand the situation and expectations of our population under attention, the National Register of Reinstatement (RNR) was built, which has been applied to **12,354⁶** people, of whom **9,289** are men, **3,059** women **six** people without registration of information about their sex.
 - 77.3% express feeling optimistic and excited about the future.
 - 86.1% express an interest in pursuing studies or continuing to study.
- Regarding the visit made to the Former TATRs of Llano Grande in Dabeiba, President Ivan Duque gave Former Combatants a 17.52-hectare plot of Land acquired by the Nation through a direct purchase process signed by the National Land Agency (ANT) and the Agency for Reincorporation and Normalization (ARN). With the acquisition of this property, 121 people in Reincorporation and their resident families became the owners of these Lands to guarantee their access to housing and the Development of productive projects, as part of the commitment acquired by the National Government.

Economic Reincorporation Productive Projects

- **88 Collective Projects** approved by the National Council for Reincorporation (CNR), which involves **3,383** people in the process of Reincorporation for a value of over **39,554,628,861 pesos (USD 10.40M)**. Of the **88** approved Projects, there are **80** already disbursed that involve **3,026** people in the process of Reincorporation, for a value of **34,516,093,413 pesos (USD 9.08M)**, of which **24,208,000,000 pesos (USD 6.37M)** correspond to contributions from the National Government.
- **2,493 approved individual projects** benefiting **3,013** people in the process of Reincorporation for a value of **24,085,741,630 pesos (USD 6.33M)**, of which **2,491** projects have been disbursed, benefiting **3,011 people**, for a matter of **24,069,741,630 pesos. (USD 6.33M)**.
- To make the formulation process more robust, a Framework Agreement was signed between ARN and iNNnpulsa (in execution), and on June 28, the specific Agreement was signed, which will allow the formulation of 500 Individual Productive Projects and the assessment of 40 Collective Productive Projects. The Agreement's total value is **3,576,268,709 pesos (USD 941,123)**. As of **March 2021**, **490** Individual Productive Projects formulated by iNNnpulsa benefiting **490** people in Reincorporation have been submitted in the Territorial Sub-Direction (mid-level).
- The ARN is aware of **63 International Cooperation Projects**, of which **six** support the Development of Productive Projects. The remaining **56** focus on Social and Economic Reincorporation Processes; their resources are for Productive Activities and Community, Health, and Gender Reincorporation Activities, among others.

³ Colinas, El Estrecho, Filipinas, Llano Grande, La Fila, and Los Monos.

⁴ La Variante, Caño Indio, El Ceral, Yari, La Pradera, Pondores, La Plancha, Monterredondo, Charras, Mutatá, Caracolí and Carrizal.

⁵ San José de Oriente, Agua Bonita, Miravalle, La Guajira, La Reforma and El Oso.

⁶ Includes all people with RNR applied, regardless of the state they currently present in the process.



- There are **392 Productive Initiatives**, which can be the starting point for a **Productive Project**, of which 165 also have International Cooperation Support⁷ for the growth of their businesses, either through Technical Accompaniment or Financial Support.
- To date, **760⁸** people in The Reincorporation Process are employed as Escort Agents and **two** in Administrative Positions. In all cases, they are appointed in free appointment and termination. Also, 369 people are reported to be part of private security companies, and 58 people are trusted by the FARC⁹.

Social Reincorporation

- **Housing** - The ARN carries out coordinated actions with The Government Entities leading or implementing the Social Housing Policy, aimed at obtaining resources or allotments for the different programs or projects that allow materializing people's attention in the Process of Reincorporation. With the coordination of the Presidential Ministry for Stabilization and Consolidation, the ARN presented information on population demands in return for housing issues to the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development (MARD), the Ministry of Housing, City and Territory (MHCT), and the Administrative Department for Social Prosperity (DSP). For this purpose, 2,974 people identified by the RNR as inhabitants of the Former TATRs as of January 31, 2019, were the main object of interest.
 - The Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development conditionally awarded 501 family rural housing subsidies (SFVISR) to an equal number of people in Reincorporation.
 - Ministry of Housing, City, and Territory (MHCT): Taking into account the State of progress in the process of acquiring the Former TATRs, were targeted the Former TATRs of Santa Lucía (Mutatá), Filipinas (Araucaria), La Fila (Icononzo), Llano Grande (Dabeiba) and Los Monos (Caldono), to be intervened in a first stage by the Ministry of Housing. For that purpose, the MHCT allocated 1,987,133,401 pesos (USD 522.930) to perform pre-feasibility studies in the previously mentioned Former TATRs, which an Agreement was entered into with Universidad Nacional in Medellin.
 - **On March 10, Resolution 0094 of 2021 was issued by MHCT, which enables to advance on the identification process of potential beneficiaries of the Rural Housing subsidies of MCHT in the Former TATRs of Mutatá, Llano Grande, La Fila, and Filipinas. The Resolution was addressed by ARN in coordination with MHCT to the National Council for Reincorporation (CNR) representatives.**
- **Health** – **99.1% (13,876)** of Former FARC Combatants have been affiliated with healthcare services.
- **Economic Guarantees** – During the period comprehended between August 2018 to **March 2021**, the amount of **285,284,537,329 pesos (USD 75.07M)** has been disbursed in the following Economic Guarantees:
 - (i). Single Normalization Assignment: **1,522,719,000 pesos (USD 400.716)** benefiting **13,195** people.
 - (ii). Basic Income: Basic **110,352,183,380 pesos (USD 29.04M)** benefiting **12,355** people.
 - (iii)

⁷ Entities such as UNDP, UN, UNODC, UNVMC, Swedish Government, among others, support various initiatives, through training, technical strengthening, input or equipment delivery or even financial support for the business.

⁸ The number of escort agents decreased, given the separation by waiver submitted.

⁹ The data provided by the Security and Protection Corps group in relation to personnel in Reincorporation refer to the data that rests in the archives of this internal working group, in relation to the personnel listed as Former Combatants. It should be noted that the information of this categorization is provided by each escort agent, i.e. there is no record and or support of that condition. Since at the time of their admission they only have their resolution of employment and the information provided by such personnel.



Monthly Allowance: 173,409,634,949 pesos (USD 45.63M); benefiting 11,977 people. **Pension System** – 82.6% of the Population in Reincorporation, (11,570 people) are affiliated to a Pension System.

- **Training and Education** – Through a partnership with SENA, 23,175 allotments in Training programs, to which 12,366 people enrolled in 5,550 courses, programs, and events.
- Through the **Arando la Educación Model**, 1,773 people in Reincorporation were assisted in the Former TATRs. 87% have completed elementary school, and 314 have graduated from high school in April 2019. As of February 28, 2021, the ARN Information System (SIRR) reports that 129 people in Reincorporation (24 women and 105 men) were still linked to the **Arando la Educación Project in 2021**, ending the period that they started in the second semester of 2020.
- a. To give continuity to the Education Process, on August 8, 2019, the Convention 183 of 2019 was entered into between the National Ministry of Education and the Norwegian Council for Refugees, which will be implemented until April 2020 with an investment of 6,634,600,000 pesos (USD 1.75M) from which the Ministry contributes 3,150,000,000 pesos (USD 828,947) and the Norwegian Council 3,484,600,000 pesos (USD 917,000). This Project provides Primary and Secondary Education to 6,676 people on the 24 Former TATRs. By December, 1,468 people in Reincorporation were enrolled and 5,208 households and communities in all Former TATRs.

4. Protection of those in the process of Reincorporation and leaders of the Integrated Program for Illegal Crops Substitution (IPICS)

Former Combatants Security

- The Council for Stabilization and Consolidation coordinates the actions of various entities and elements that compose the Strategy: The Specialized Security and Protection Sub-Directorate in the National Protection Unit (UNP), the Technical Security and Protection Board (MTSP) of the Sub-Directorate, the Police Unit for Peace Building (UNIPPEP) and the Joint Strategic Transition Command (CCOET) of the National Army. The latter two entities uphold Perimetral Security in the Transitional Areas for Training and Reincorporation (TATRs) and surrounding areas.
- Under the current Government, the State Scheme for the Protection of the population in the process of Reincorporation, including Former FARC Combatants, their families, and members of the new Political Party, has been consolidated.
- **Protection Measures:** In regard to Protection in particular cases, the Technical Security and Protection Committee (MTSP), under the chairmanship of the Stabilization Counselor, assesses the risk in each case and defines the Security Measures to be granted to Former FARC Combatants and members of the FARC Political Party. As of March 31, the MTSP has held 36 meetings, and the Technical Sub-Commission has held 110 meetings¹⁰.
- To date, 308 Individual and Collective Schemes are implemented in the Former TATRs and locations for the Specialized Sub-Directorate of Security and Protection beneficiaries.
- **Reinforcement Plan on Security Measures.** A plan to reinforce security measures for people in the process of Reincorporation was adopted in June 2019: with the 23 initial measures and taking into account the complementary measures issued afterward, we have 52 measures of which 12 are completed and ended, 23 are completed, and are continuously

¹⁰ The technical subcommittees were stated in Act No. 43 of February 27, 2019, for a total of: 77 Technical Subcommittee sessions for case review. 9 sessions of Technical Sub-committee for Risk Analysis Methodology, 3 sessions of Technical Subcommittee for Gender, 21 sessions of Technical Sub-committee for Strategic Plan for Safety and Security, resulting in a total of 110 sessions.



being executed, and 17 are in execution.

- As of **March 31, 2021**, **one** High-Level meeting, **17** National Technical meetings, and **19** Territorial Technical meetings (Antioquia 3, Cauca 3, Norte de Santander 2, Caquetá 2, Putumayo 3, Huila 3, Meta 1, Tumaco 1, Chocó 1) of the Integrated Information Center -CI2DES have been held, resulting in a total of **37** meetings.
- The Policy Peace with Legality establishes the articulation of Security Schemes. 52 Security and Protection Measures have been developed to materialize the State's commitment to the safety of Former Combatants. These do not supersede nor affect any of the instances provided in the Agreement.
- The National Commission for Security Guarantees has been working to strengthen protection and security measures. As of **March 31, 2021**, this Commission has held **68** meetings.

Security of leaders who support the Integrated Program for Illegal Crops Substitution – (IPICS)

- The "Plan for the Articulation of Security Actions for IPICS leadership and substitution models" is being implemented. Also, the IPICS implementation progress figures were updated, and the progress in implementing the 16 actions of the Plan implementation matrix.
- In December, the first Self-Protection Workshop was held for IPICS leaders in the department of Meta, with ten leaders from Mesetas and ten from Uribe. In February 2021, knowledge transfer sessions will be held for DSCI coordinators to continue the exercise at the territorial level if mobility restrictions due to the COVID-19 emergency continue to apply.
- The USAID-Chemonics Human Rights Program carried out the methodological transfer to the DSCI Territorial Coordination Offices to implement Self-Protection Workshops in the Program's territories.
- As a mechanism for Inter-Institutional Coordination and Implementation of the actions of the Plan's matrix, the Inter-Institutional Coordination Board (MCIEC-Substitution) was created, which has **three** coordination spaces: The First Level MCIEC with Decision-Makers (held on September 30, 2020), the Technical MCIEC with Implementation Teams (held on August 26) and the Territorial MCIEC. Also, a more efficient Management Space was created, led by the Council, called the Commission for Support and Follow-up of Affections, which has held 14 meetings up to February 28, with the participation of: The Directorate for Substitution of Illegal Crops (DSCI), the Office of the Inspector General of Colombia (Directorate for Support of Investigation and Analysis for Citizen Security - DAIASC), the National Protection Unit (UNP) and the Human Rights Directorate of the National Police. This Commission has held 13 meetings up to January 31, 2021.
- A Protocol to Address Cases of Affecting Program Leadership and Beneficiaries requiring immediate attention was formulated in coordination with the National Prosecutor's Office (FGN), the National Protection Unit (UNP), the National Police (Directorate of HRD), and the Directorate for the Substitution of Illegal Crops (DSCI). Up to **March 31, 2021**, this Protocol has been executed on **13** situations on cases of threat that occurred in Valle del Cauca municipality of Dagua (1), and in Bolívar, municipalities of San Pablo (1) and Santa Rosa del Sur (2), Cauca municipality of Miranda (1), **Piamonte (2)**, Nariño municipality of San Andrés de Tumaco (1), **Córdoba municipality de Tierralta (1)**, Caquetá municipality of Belén de los Andaquíes (1), **and Meta municipality of Mesetas (3)**.
- **In March 2021, a face-to-face training was held for delegates of the territorial coordinations of the Directorate for the Substitution of Illicit Crops in social capacities for self-protection, training**



20 professionals with whom it is expected to conduct self-protection workshops for substitution leaders in all departments where the IPICS Program is implemented.

- Workshops were also held in the departments of Cauca (March 18 and 19), with the participation of 10 leaders from Miranda and 10 from El Tambo, with the participation of the Governor's Office, the UNP and the National Police. And in the department of Caquetá (March 24 and 25), with the participation of 10 leaders from La Montañita and 10 from San José del Fragua, with the participation of the UNP, the Attorney ship, the Ombudsman's Office and the National Police.

5. Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET Planning

Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET and Roadmap

- 16 Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET Plans were signed, out of which 14 were signed after August 7, 2018, with the participation of more than 220,000 attendees, who prioritized and organized 32,808 initiatives, 1,178 sub-regional, and 31,630 municipalities.
- **Agreements and Ordinances** - The 170 municipal Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET Agreements and 16 departmental Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET Ordinances were signed in which the Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET is adopted as a Long-Term Public Policy.
- The Roadmap was included in the [National Development Plan \(NDP\)](#). The firm Deloitte was contracted to structure the methodology, and the Roadmap of Catatumbo was delivered and disclosed in the city of Cucuta.
- In 2019, 70 Agreements were signed and executed between the Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET municipalities and the Superintendence of Notaries and Registry (SNR) to formalize urban properties. As of December 2020, there were 45 active Agreements between the Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET territories and the Superintendence of Notary and Registration to formalize urban properties in 84 municipalities, 36 of these Agreements were signed in 2020. [In March 2021, three partnerships with the municipalities of Teorama, Ataco, and Buenaventura were signed for a 4-year period.](#)
- The ART created a Collaborative Inter-Institutional Space to address the issue of Land Tenure and Land-Use Conflicts, with the participation of the National Land Agency, the Ministry of the Interior, the Ministry of Justice, the Office of the Inspector General of Colombia, and the Territory Renewal Agency. To date, 35 meetings have been held, during which progress has been made in the Construction of Conflict Selection Criteria and an Umbrella Methodological Route to address them.

Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET Works

- 170 municipalities have benefited under the implementation of the Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET Work Strategy. The total estimated Investment for this Strategy is [414,453 million pesos¹¹ \(USD 109M\)](#), including Audit and other related costs.
- [1,282](#) Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET Works have been completed and delivered in 15 sub-regions and [three](#) IPICS municipalities.

¹¹ This amount is subject to change due to Cooperation Reports.



- In **March 2021**, **188** Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET Works are in the implementation Stage: 2 of them financed by the Multi-Partner Trust Fund MPTF and **186** Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET Works (Stages II and III).
- **This Strategy also has two projects on Stage 3 to start Construction and structuring of 542 projects and 34 initiatives in the verification Stage to determine their feasibility.**
- Of the 1,020 visits made in this last Stage, as of February 2021, 115 works are in process, 373 Projects are being structured, and 326 Projects are in the process of creating Feasibility Reports, and the rest of the Projects were found not feasible, according to the analysis of the Auditors.
- As of February 2021, the ART has presented and delivered to Territorial Entities 467 Structured Projects with the Agency resources with an approximate implementation value of 915,416 million pesos (USD 265 M) so that different sources manage its financing.

Investment

- **Peace Collegial Bureau for Administration and Decision Making (OCAD Paz)** – Since the Peace Collegial Bureau for Administration and Decision Making (OCAD Paz) was created¹², 472 Projects have been approved for a total value of 3.25 billion pesos (USD 857M) of which 2.25 billion pesos (USD 592M) correspond to the source of Peace Allocation of the General System of Royalties.
 - Of the 472 projects approved in the Peace Collegial Bureau for Administration and Decision Making (OCAD Paz) 237 correspond to investment projects in Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET municipalities for a total value of 1.9 billion pesos (USD 525M); These projects will benefit the 15 Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET sub-regions.
 - During this Government, a total of 2.66 billion pesos (USD 702M) as resources have been approved in the Peace Collegial Bureau for Administration and Decision Making (OCAD Paz) for a total of 429 Projects, and 222 Projects have been approved for Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET municipalities for 1.76 billion pesos (USD 463M).
- **Works by Taxes:** On December 31, 2020, the Works for Taxes Investment Project bank closed, with 45 projects valued at 359,062 million pesos (USD 94.49M), of which 23 projects, valued at 218,620 million pesos (USD 57.53M), are to benefit Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET municipalities and 22 projects to benefit ZOMAC municipalities valued at 140,442 million pesos (USD 36.95M). This bank will be available from January 1 to March 31, 2021, so that companies can link their 2020 Income Tax to projects of their interest.

6. Comprehensive Rural Development

Multipurpose Cadaster

- The World Bank and the Inter-American Development Bank (IDB) granted a loan of USD 150 million for **Multipurpose Cadaster**, through which the intervention of the 79 municipalities will be advanced, 38 of these are Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET areas; and it is included as a goal to obtain 65,000 Property Deeds, of which 26,000 will be granted

¹² Peace Collegial Bureau for Administration and Decision Making. created through Legislative Act No. 04 of 2017, in order to approve investment projects related to implementation in charge of four investment sources: 1) Allocation for Peace; 2) Incentive to production; 3) FONPET; 4) Peace Allocation - Transportation infrastructure.



to rural women. President Ivan Duque is committed so that, at the end of the four-year period, 650 municipalities, including all Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET municipalities, have the Cadaster, allowing the municipality to collect the Land Tax as a new source of income.

- With additional support for Cadaster credits from the Government of the United Kingdom, funding for USD 53 million is being handled with the Ministry of the Environment for the Cadaster Survey of Protected Environmental Areas in 23 Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET municipalities and one municipality for Biocarbon Cooperation, for a total of 24 municipalities.
- Intended as the pilot of the Multipurpose Cadaster, in Ovejas (Sucre), The National Land Agency (ANT) delivered the largest title handing in the Country's history, as part of the implementation of Social Property Management Plans: 1,058 titles for the adjudication of 753 vacant properties and 295 formalizations of private properties. With the support of USAID, the same process was initiated for **nine** Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET municipalities.
- The Multipurpose Cadaster Conpes was implemented.

As of December 2021, the new Cadaster Model has enabled:

- The presence of 23 Cadaster Managers, breaking the monopolization by the Instituto Geografico Agustin Codazzi-IGAC.
- As of December 2020, the Country has 18,16 million updated hectares, of which 6.9 million hectares were updated exclusively by the Instituto Geografico Agustin Codazzi-IGAC; this progress represents a revolutionary change in the Country's Cadaster management since for the last ten years, the Instituto Geografico Agustin Codazzi-IGAC had only updated 3.8 million hectares in an annual average.
- The change from Public Duty to Public Service represented that the Country ended 2020 updated in a 15,92 % in matters of National Territory, which means the 27% of the goal stated for the 4-year period.
- The goal for 2021 is to update the National Territory in 35.1%, for which 40 million hectares will be updated, from which 27.11 million are already anchored, covering 24% of the National Territory.
- The National Development Plan (NDP) goal comprehends the update of 60% of the National Territory with Multipurpose Cadaster.

Formalization and Land Fund

- **Land Fund.** In the current Government, **966,825** hectares have been entered into the Land Fund of the Nation, equivalent to **2,591** properties, resulting in **1,193,656** hectares, which corresponds to a contribution of 81% of the total progress hectares entered into the Fund.
- Since the Fund was created, **693,048** hectares have been disposed of in 124 Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET municipalities. Likewise, during the current Government, **230,036** hectares have been delivered through the Land Fund to benefit **8,599** families.
- **Land Formalization.** Within the framework of the Commitment of **seven** million Formalized Hectares, in the current Government, progress was made in the regularization of **629,140** hectares, equivalent to a contribution of 20% of the total advance. During this Government, a total of **228,619** hectares have been regularized in 114 PDET



- municipalities, benefiting 11,830 families.
- There were 150,869 hectares of **Land Formalized and Adjudicated** to the Rural Population, benefiting 23,486 families through the delivery and registration of 23,004 titles in 29 departments.
 - Of these, 59,718 hectares of Land Formalized and Adjudicated have benefited 12,517 headed by rural women.
 - In the current Government, for every two families benefited, one family, is headed by rural women, which is above the historical titling record carried out by the National Land Agency ANT in which, for every five families, two were headed by rural women.
 - 478,271 hectares of Land Formalized to Ethnic Communities, benefiting 9,841 families in 15 departments. Of these families, 17,092 Ethnic women have benefited, representing 50% of the total number of people benefited, equivalent to 34,498 people.
 - **Land Subsidies** have been provided to 560 families for 32,235 million pesos (USD 8.48M).
 - Out of the total of Formalized Subsidies, 314 beneficiaries have been headed by rural women, representing 50%.

Comprehensive Agricultural and Rural Development Projects - PIDARET (acronym in Spanish) -

The Rural Development Agency (ADR) has structured 11 Comprehensive Plans for Agricultural and Rural Development with a Territorial Approach (PIDARET) with an investment of 5,350 million pesos (USD 1.4 Million). Eight of these plans are in departments with Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET sub-regions. The departments of Nariño, Cesar, Caldas, Tolima, Antioquia, Huila and Magdalena, have adopted the PIDARET by Departmental Ordinance.

Comprehensive Agricultural and Rural Development Projects with a Territorial approach – PIDAR

- In the period comprehended between 2016 and October 31, 2020, the Rural Development Agency co-financed 241 Comprehensive Agricultural and Rural Development Projects with a Territorial Approach - PIDAR worth 270,091 million pesos (USD 71,076,642) with which 24,963 producers have benefited, and 69,643 hectares have been intervened. One hundred one of these PIDARs are located in 15 of the 16 Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET Sub-Regions, which have received co-financing for a value of 87,981 billion pesos (USD 23,153M), benefiting 8,288 producers and intervening 23,252 hectares.

During the Government of President Ivan Duque, 65 PIDARs have been co-financed for a value of 91,142.1 million pesos (USD 23,984,754), which have benefited 7,426 producers and intervened 22,964 hectares. Twenty-two of these PIDARs are located in nine of the 16 Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET Sub-Regions, which have received co-financing of 23,872,953,185 pesos (USD 6,282,356), benefiting 1,839 producers and intervening 1,554 hectares.

Land Adaptation- The Rural Development Agency has made investments of 52,992 million pesos (USD 15,633,603) in studies and designs, recovery and administration, Operation and maintenance of Land Adaptation Projects on 52,392 hectares, benefiting 6,284 producers.

Land Restitution - Through Productive Projects for Restitution, 1,541 families have been covered, with a total of resources invested in more than 50,000 million pesos (USD 13.17M).

- A total of 778 restituted families have Productive Projects in 55 Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET municipalities. The main productive lines of these Projects



are dual-purpose livestock, coffee, and pig farming.

7. Voluntary Substitution of Illegal Crops

- The Program was received with no order nor planning, and it was underfinanced. A diagnosis of implementation was carried out, and an Action Plan was developed for [the 88 intervention cores in the 56 municipalities](#).
- Between August 2018 and [March 2021](#), the National Government invested in the Integrated Program for Illegal Crops Substitution (IPICS), a total of [946,393,597,321,18 pesos \(USD 249M\)](#) through the Colombia en Paz (Colombia Peace) Fund.
- A total of 99,097 families have been linked to The Voluntary Substitution Program for Illegal Crops, on which their family finances have depended or been affected by Illegal Crops. Out of these beneficiaries, [35,383](#) women are heads of their household.
- During the current Government's term, 21,437 families entered the intervention route, which were already registered within the 99,097 families.
- During the current Government's term, 17,967 hectares of Illegal Crops eradicated voluntarily and assisted have been reduced, with an investment of 29,058,678,577 pesos (USD 7.6M). The accumulated number of hectares eradicated during the term of the Program is 44,185.
- Due to the **Immediate Food Assistance (ITA)**, [75,680](#) families have received payments.
- 5,680 Former Coca Leaf Growers are linked to local organizations through Service Agreements to develop activities related to Community Interest.
- The Comprehensive Technical Assistance Service is being provided to [70,792](#) families in 56 municipalities and 14 departments, with an investment of 93,831,644,500 pesos (USD 24.6M), and [25,598](#) beneficiaries are receiving that service are women.

8. Budgetary Tracer

- The Budget Law Project is included in the "Annex Expenditure Construction of Peace-PGN 2020" in Item (c), where 41 Development Plans with Territorial Approach-PDET related Projects are presented, whose planned Investment rose to 634,958 million pesos (USD 186.7).
 - For the 2020 term, 52 entities have been identified within the National General Budget and have allocated 9.8 billion pesos to comply with the Implementation Framework Plan-IFP. Of the presented resources, 2.7 billion pesos correspond to Operation, 2.4 billion pesos to Investment, and 4.7 billion pesos are projected to be transferred from the General System of Participations (included in operations).
- The distribution of resources by the Implementation Framework Plan-IFP matters is as follows:
 - i) 7.3 billion pesos initially allocated for the Comprehensive Rural Reform.
 - ii) 1.34 billion pesos allocated for the solution to the drug problem.
 - iii) 645 billion pesos allocated to Conflict Victims.
 - iv) 371.9 billion pesos allocated to End of Conflict.